STORMWATER REPORT

MULTIFAMILY DEVELOPMENT 25 ADAMS CIRCLE

ASSESSORS MAP 26 BLOCK 10-LOT 100 DEVENS, MASSACHUSETTS 01434

Applicant:

ADAMS CIRCLE, LLC 30 LOWELL JUNCTION ROAD ANDOVER, MA 01810

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CEC Project 348-019

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Figure HYD-PRE – Existing Conditions Drainage Area Map

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APPENDICES

Appendix A – DEP Stormwater Checklist

Appendix B – Geotechnical Information

- NRCS Custom Soil Resource Report
- Geotechnical Engineering Report (provided under separate cover)

Appendix C – Supporting Calculations

- HydroCAD Drainage Analysis
- TSS Calculations
- Water Quality Calculations
- Groundwater Recharge Calculations

Appendix D – Supporting Information

Illicit Discharge Statement

1.0 PROJECT NARRATIVE

1.1 INTRODUCTION

On behalf of Adams Circle, LLC (the Applicant), Civil & Environmental Consultants, Inc. (CEC) has prepared this stormwater report and analysis to demonstrate compliance with the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (MassDEP) Stormwater Management Standards and the Devens Enterprise Commission (DEC) design standards and bylaws.

The Applicant proposes to construct six duplexes with two 2-story 1,050 square foot units per duplex, a total of 12 residential units, on Assessors Map 26 Block 10 Lot 100 (the Site) located in the Devens Regional Enterprise Zone (Devens). The project also proposes driveways, drainage improvements, landscaping and associated infrastructure. It is important to note that the Site is in the process of being subdivided by the Massachusetts Development Finance Agency. Proposed property lines shown are based on the proposed lotting plan prepared by WSP USA, Inc. titled, "Level 1 Lotting Plan Adams Circle", prepared for Massachusetts Development Finance Agency dated 6/12/2025. At the date of report issue, it is our understanding that this lotting plan has not yet been finalized or recorded, as such proposed property lines are subject to change. The site will be serviced by municipal sewer and water services that are planned to be installed in the right-of-way in Adams Circle by the DEC as part of right-of-way improvements planned, and to be constructed, by DEC. The property is located within the Residential II Zoning District.

1.2 EXISTING CONDITIONS

The Site is mostly undeveloped with some existing utility infrastructure from the Site's prior use within the Devens Regional Enterprise Zone in Massachusetts. The existing land cover of the proposed project area consists mostly of grass with some dense wooded vegetation along the Site's eastern border. According to publicly available mapping data, there are no wetlands or other resource areas mapped on or within the immediate proximity of the Site. The Site is abutted by residential property to the north, Adams Circle paved roadway to the west, undeveloped land with dense wooded vegetation to the east, and undeveloped and commercial properties to the south. See Figure 1 for a Site Locus Map, Figure 2 for an Aerial Map, and Figure 4 for a Critical Areas Map.

Existing topography within the Site ranges from approximately 251 feet to 262 feet (NAVD88) with the lowest elevation of 251 feet along the western site boundary along Adams Circle and the highest elevation at the northeast corner of the site boundary. Refer to the Existing Conditions Plan included in the Civil Plan Set under separate cover for additional detail.

Stormwater runoff from the Site flows overland from east to west from undeveloped forested hillside across the Site to Adams Circle where runoff enters the Devens municipal drainage system

through existing catch basins in the roadway. Adams Circle is identified as Design Point A (DP-A) in the pre- and post-hydrology assessments. See figures HYD-PRE and HYD-POST for subcatchment delineations and design point identification.

1.2.1 Existing Soils

According to the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey, the Site is comprised of Quonset loamy sand (0-3% slopes), an HSG A soil, and Canton fine sandy loam (15-35% slopes), an HSG B soil. Soil testing was performed onsite which confirmed HSG A soils at performed boring locations, see the project Geotechnical Engineering Report referenced under Appendix B provided under separate cover for boring locations and soils analysis.

Based on the review of the NRCS Web Soil Report, site observations and information obtained from the borings performed 4/30/2025, the limit of Canton fine sandy loam was slightly revised along the northern portion of the delineation to follow the 254' contour representing the toe of slope in this area, and an infiltration rate of 2.41 inches/hour was used, consistent with the Rawl's rate for loamy sand, for the proposed rain garden and pervious pavement driveway areas.

1.2.2 Flood Zone

The subject property is not located within a special flood hazard zone as delineated on Federal Emergency Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) for the Town of Harvard, Panel No. 250308, Map #25027C0311E effective July 4, 2011, and refer to Figure 3 for the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Firmette for detailed project information.

1.3 PROPOSED PROJECT

The Applicant proposes to construct six duplexes with two single family homes per duplex: a total of 12 proposed single family homes across six proposed lots. The overall development will include the construction of a $\pm 12,600$ sq. ft. of building footprint, porous pavement driveways, swales and a rain garden to manage stormwater flows, landscaping, and utility infrastructure to connect within the proposed right of way within Adams Circle.

In the proposed condition, approximately 35% of the project area will be impervious area to accommodate the proposed residential use; this includes the proposed building footprints, driveway areas, and walkway areas. The remainder of Site will consist of landscaped/lawn areas and undisturbed vegetation. The existing drainage pattern onsite will be maintained to the extent practicable with runoff from impervious areas being routed to the proposed rain garden and porous pavement prior to discharge via overland flow ultimately tributary to Adams Circle, identified as Design Point A (DP-A).

The proposed stormwater design mitigates and reduces peak runoff rates in the 2-, 10-, 25- and 100-year storms. See HydroCAD Drainage Analysis in Appendix C.	

2.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

2.1 DESCRIPTION OF RUNOFF CONTROLS

The proposed stormwater management improvements consist of components designed to manage runoff from the Site. These components attenuate runoff discharge peaks, minimize erosion, minimize the transport of sediments, improve water quality, and minimize impacts to offsite areas.

The stormwater management system implements a treatment train of the Best Management Practices designed to provide minimum of 80% TSS (Total Suspended Solids) removal for stormwater runoff from the proposed driveways and impervious areas. The proposed stormwater management system will use the following specific control measures:

• Rain Garden: Stormwater recharge and water quality volume for the proposed development is provided through the infiltration of tributary runoff from pervious areas, paved areas and clean runoff from the building's roof areas via the rain garden, which is located along the eastern project boundary. The rain garden will provide removal of total suspended solids (TSS) as an added level of pretreatment of stormwater runoff. The rain garden should be inspected and cleaned in accordance with the O&M Plan.

The use of rain gardens for treatment of stormwater is accepted as good practice and is in accordance with sound professional standards.

• <u>Porous Pavement:</u> Porous pavement provides both water quality treatment and groundwater recharge for tributary stormwater runoff. The porous pavement provides efficient removal of total suspended solids (TSS). Porous pavement should be inspected and cleaned in accordance with the O&M Plan. See the Long-Term Pollution Prevention and O&M Plan included in Section 6.0 and Appendix D for supporting information.

The use of porous pavement for treatment of stormwater is accepted as a good practice and is in accordance with sound professional standards.

• <u>Emergency Spillway Outlet Protection:</u> The proposed emergency spillway will provide outlet protection to reduce flows to non-erosive velocities to prevent erosion and conform to natural topography where appropriate.

The proposed runoff controls are detailed on the Site Plans included under separate cover.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE PLAN

The purpose of the Construction Sequence Plan is to develop a working schedule for the implementation of the proposed stormwater improvements. Prior to initiating work, the siltation

control barriers will be installed along the limit of work. Once the appropriate permits are obtained, the construction project will commence in the following sequence:

- 1. Install all necessary siltation barriers as shown on the design drawings.
- 2. Perform demolition of existing vegetation and existing utilities as shown on the design drawings.
- 3. Perform excavation for building foundation areas, rain garden and subsurface utilities.
- 4. Place clean fill/pavement base materials and install pavement base and curbing.
- 5. Construct buildings.
- 6. Install proposed final landscaping.
- 7. Remove existing erosion control measures.

All construction water will be collected and treated in accordance with the Erosion and Sediment Control Plan included in Section 5.0.

3.0 STORMWATER ANALYSIS

3.1 METHOD OF ANALYSIS

A hydrologic analysis has been performed for the Site comparing existing conditions and post-development conditions using a software program developed by HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC. This program analyzes site hydrology by the graphic peak discharge method documented in Technical Release No. 20 and Technical Release No. 55 published by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Soil Conservation Service.

The following variables were developed for contributing watersheds (drainage areas) in order to complete the analysis:

- Rainfall Depth: A hydrologic analysis was performed for the 24-hour 2-year, 10-year, 25-year and 100-year, Type III storm events (3.21, 5.01, 6.13 and 7.86 inches respectively) for each drainage area. The rainfall depths for the study area were obtained from available charts published in NOAA Rainfall Tables for the project location.
- Runoff Curve Number (RCN): The RCN is a hydrologic characteristic that contributes to the peak rate of runoff and volume from a given storm event. It is dependent upon soil conditions and land use. Generally, higher curve numbers are associated with less pervious soils and, hence, greater amounts of runoff. As previously noted, based on the NRCS Web Soil Survey Report and boring data, the Site is comprised of Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) A and HSG B soils which were used in determining RCNs.
- Time of Concentration: The time of concentration is defined as the time it takes runoff to travel from the hydraulically most distant part of the watershed to the downstream point of interest. This parameter is dependent on the characteristics of the ground surface and condition of the travel path. Times of concentration were calculated for the various sub catchments using the HydroCAD program, with a minimum time of concentration of six (6) minutes used in accordance with the protocol outlined in Technical Release No. 55.

3.2 DRAINAGE AREAS

In order to perform the analysis, the contributing drainage areas for pre-development, existing, and post-development conditions were delineated. The delineation of the drainage areas was determined by the topography depicted on the Existing Conditions plan. Brief descriptions of the existing conditions and proposed conditions drainage areas are as follows:

• Existing Conditions: The existing Site is comprised of one drainage area, A1-EX, and the stormwater runoff was evaluated for one design point, the existing municipal drainage system

in Adams Circle, DP-A. Subcatchment A1-EX contains existing wooded and grassed area that drains overland to the existing municipal drainage system in Adams Circle (DP-A). Refer to Figure HYD-PRE for the existing conditions drainage areas. A summary of existing conditions drainage areas is listed below:

TABLE 3.1 EXISTING CONDITIONS						
Drainage Area	Design Point	Area (ac.)	Curve Number	Time of Concentration (minutes)		
A1-EX	DP-A	6.229	49	24.3		

- **Proposed Conditions:** The proposed Site is divided into three (3) proposed drainage areas and stormwater runoff will flow to one design point, the existing municipal drainage system in Adams Circle, DP-A. See below for descriptions of each proposed drainage area:
 - o A1-PR: Predominantly grassed and landscaped area with some impervious access paths that drain overland to DP-A.
 - A2-PR: Comprised of roof area, grassed area, and impervious driveway area tributary to the porous pavement modeled as P1, and is ultimately tributary to DP-A.
 - o A3-PR: Comprised of roof area, wooded area, and grassed area the drains overland or is piped to the proposed rain garden, P2, and is ultimately tributary to DP-A.
 - o Refer to Figure HYD-POST for the proposed conditions drainage areas.

A summary of the proposed conditions drainage areas are listed below:

TABLE 3.2								
POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS								
Drainage Area	Design Point	Area (ac.)	Curve Number	Time of Concentration (minutes)				
A1-PR		1.125	46	18.2				
A2-PR	DP-A	0.267	94	6.0				
A3-PR		4.838	56	38.5				

3.3 RESULTS OF ANALYSIS

A stormwater analysis was performed for the 24-hour 2-year, 10-year, 25-year, and 100-year storm events in order to determine stormwater runoff rates once the proposed construction is complete. Detailed calculations are attached in Appendix C. A summary of the peak stormwater runoff is provided below in Table 3.3.

TABLE 3.3 PROJECT STORMWATER RUNOFF RATES										
		Peak Runoff Rate (cfs)								
Design	2-Year		2-Year 10-Year		25-Year		100-Year			
Point	Ex.	Prop.	Ex.	Prop.	Ex.	Prop.	Ex.	Prop.		
A	0.07	0.01	1.53	0.60	3.63	2.23	7.74	5.29		

cfs = cubic feet per second

As shown above in Table 3.3, post-development runoff rates from the Site do not exceed existing runoff rates for the 2-, 10-, and 25- and 100-year storm events. See Supporting calculations provided in Appendix C.

4.0 STORMWATER CONTROL SYSTEM DESIGN CRITERIA

4.1 MASSDEP STORMWATER MANAGEMENT POLICY

Stormwater discharge from the proposed Project is subject to the Massachusetts DEP Stormwater Management Policy (the Policy). The Policy is designed "to protect the wetlands and waters of the Commonwealth from adverse impacts of storm water runoff." To accomplish this goal, the Policy establishes ten (10) performance standards to control stormwater quantity and quality. These standards establish the level of required controls that can be achieved with site planning, structural and non-structural controls, and other best management practices (BMPs). The Stormwater Checklist is provided in Appendix A. Stormwater modeling methodology is discussed in detail in Section 3.0. Results of the stormwater modeling of the existing and proposed conditions are provided as Appendix C.

4.2 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

The following section documents compliance with the MassDEP Stormwater Management Standards.

Standard 1

No new stormwater conveyances (e.g., outfalls) may discharge untreated stormwater directly to or cause erosion in wetlands or waters of the Commonwealth.

No new stormwater conveyances are proposed to discharge untreated stormwater directly to or cause erosion in wetlands or waters of the Commonwealth.

Standard 2

Stormwater management systems must be designed so that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development peak discharge rates. This Standard may be waived for discharges to land subject to coastal storm flowage as defined in 310 CMR 10.04.

The post-development peak discharge rate to Site design point, DP-A, does not exceed predevelopment rates for the 2-, 10-, 25-, and 100-year storm events. Stormwater modeling methodology is discussed in detail in Section 3.0. The HydroCAD model output is provided as Appendix C. A summary of the HydroCAD model results are provided above in Table 3.3, and in the subsequent description.

Standard 3

Loss of annual recharge to groundwater should be minimized through the use of infiltration measures to the maximum extent practicable. The annual recharge from the post-development site should approximate the annual recharge from the pre-development or existing site conditions, based on soil types.

The project is designed to comply with this criterion. In accordance with the stormwater standards, 0.60-inches of recharge must be provided for the increase in impervious areas onsite for HSG A soils. The proposed project results in 31,704 SF of new impervious area, requiring 1,585 cubic feet (CF) of groundwater recharge. The proposed rain garden and porous pavement provide approximately 8,805 CF of recharge, well in excess of the regulatory requirement.

A Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity rate of 2.41 in/hour was utilized to model exfiltration and to document compliance for drawdown of the stormwater in less than 72 hours. Supporting calculations are provided in Appendix C.

Standard 4

For new development, stormwater management systems must be designed to remove 80% of the average annual load (post-development conditions) of Total Suspended Solids (TSS). It is presumed that this standard is met when:

A. Suitable nonstructural practices for source control and pollution prevention are implemented;

- B. Stormwater management best practices (BMPs) are sized to capture the prescribed runoff volume; and
- C. Stormwater management BMPs are maintained as designed.

The proposed development reduces TSS generation through the proposed rain garden and porous pavement, consistent with the policy.

The project has been designed to remove 80% or more of the average annual load of TSS. The stormwater BMPs have been sized to capture the prescribed water quality volume and are designed according to the specific performance criteria outlined in the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Manual.

See Water Quality Calculations, and TSS Calculations provided in Appendix C for supporting information.

A comprehensive Operations and Maintenance Plan (O&M) has been developed and is included in Section 6.0 of this report.

Standard 5

Stormwater discharges from a land use with a higher potential pollutant load (LUHPPL) require the use of specific stormwater management BMPs. The use of infiltration practices without pretreatment is prohibited.

The proposed land use does not result in a LUHPPL.

Standard 6

Stormwater discharges to critical areas must utilize certain stormwater management BMPs approved for critical areas. Critical areas are Outstanding Resources Waters (ORWs), shellfish beds, bathing beaches, cold water fisheries, and recharge areas for public water supplies.

Upon review of publicly available mapping at the time of this report, the proposed project does not discharge to known critical areas.

Standard 7

Redevelopment of previously developed sites must meet the Stormwater Management Standards to the maximum extent practicable. Where it is not practicable to meet all the Standards, new (retrofitted or expanded) stormwater management systems must be designed to improve existing conditions.

The proposed project is not a redevelopment.

Standard 8

Erosion and sediment controls must be implemented to prevent impacts during construction, or land disturbance activities.

Erosion and sediment controls are integral to the project improvements. The plan includes compost silt socks, which will be installed down-gradient of the proposed work area and silt sacks will be installed in the site catch basins during construction. A temporary stabilized construction exit will be constructed as well. Prior to, and during construction, the Site's Erosion and Sediment Control Plan, included in Section 5.0 of this report will be followed. These measures will be utilized throughout construction to prevent erosion, control sediments, and stabilize exposed soils as discussed in Section 5.0.

Standard 9

All stormwater management systems must have an operations and maintenance plan to ensure that systems function as designed.

A comprehensive Operations and Maintenance Plan (O&M) has been developed and is included in Section 6.0 of this report.

Standard 10

All illicit discharges to the stormwater management system are prohibited.

There are no known or proposed illicit discharges related to the proposed project. An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is provided in Appendix D.

5.0 CONSTRUCTION SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN

5.1 INTRODUCTION

The greatest potential for sediment generation will occur during the construction. An extensive erosion and sedimentation program is proposed and will be diligently implemented during construction of the project. The erosion control program will minimize erosion and sedimentation that could potentially impact resources areas. Water quality will be maintained by minimizing erosion of exposed soils and siltation. Erosion control barriers will be installed and exposed soil areas re-vegetated as soon as possible after work in an area is completed.

This Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan includes preliminary measures and requirements for management and implementation of erosion and sediment controls during construction. A detailed Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) will be prepared. The SWPPP will contain elements from this Erosion and Sediment Control Plan and will include additional and more detailed inspection and maintenance procedures as well as maintenance logs, forms, and additional erosion and sediment control measures.

Responsible Party for Plan Compliance:

Adams Circle, LLC. 30 Lowell Junction Road Andover, MA 01810

Contact: Jillian Wahl

Email: jillian@reframe.systems

5.2 CONSTRUCTION AND WASTE MATERIALS EXPECTED ON-SITE

5.2.1 Construction Materials & Waste

Building products staged on site are to be protected by measures to minimize the exposure to stormwater or precipitation. Provided measures either can be a cover or similarly effective means to minimize the discharge of pollutants from these areas. Examples of effective means include locating activities away from resource areas and stormwater inlets or conveyances and directing wash waters to a sediment basin or sediment trap, using filtration devices, such as filter bags or sand filters, or using other similarly effective controls.

The contractor will utilize and secure dumpsters / roll offs as deemed appropriate for sorting, temporary storage and disposal of waste. Waste disposal will be completed by the Contractor or by a waste disposal firm. Containers will be removed and replaced if appropriate when they are

adequately filled or at the end of a specific construction task as deemed necessary by the construction supervisor.

The Contractor shall keep waste container lids closed when not in use and close lids at the end of the business day for those containers that are actively used throughout the day. For waste containers that do not have lids, provide either (1) cover (e.g., a tarp, plastic sheeting, temporary roof) to minimize exposure of wastes to precipitation, or (2) a similarly effective means designed to minimize the discharge of pollutants(e.g., secondary containment).

On business days, clean up and dispose of waste in designated waste containers. Clean up immediately if containers overflow.

5.2.2 Hazardous Waste

No Hazardous or toxic waste is anticipated to be present on site, refer to Phase I Report for the project site prepared under separate cover. If utilized or found to be present, the Plan will be modified. If applicable, any hazardous or toxic waste will be properly stored, managed and removed from the site pursuant to appropriate regulations, manufactures recommendations and Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).

5.2.3 Sanitary Waste

Portable sanitary facilities will be utilized at the site and pumped out at a time-frame sufficient to keep odor and material from disturbing personnel at the site or every 4 weeks.

For sanitary waste, position portable toilets so that they are secure and will not be tipped or knocked over and located away from waters of the U.S. and stormwater inlets or conveyances. Units will be inspected at least once per month and emptied regularly and as needed.

5.2.4 Concrete Waste

All concrete washings will be disposed on in a designated area away from wetlands and any property line. When the concrete hardens it be removed from the site.

5.3 CONSTRUCTION PHASE EROSION CONTROL MEASURES

The adjacent resource areas will be protected during construction by implementing siltation control measures, including the placement of compost silt socks as close as feasible to the downgradient limit of construction activity. The project may also implement other stabilization methods such as erosion netting and hydroseeding.

5.3.1 Short- and Long-Term Goals and Criteria

Short and long-term goals will include a variety of stabilizing sediment and erosion controls around the limit of work. All construction-phase erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on-site to the extent practicable and limit runoff and the discharge of pollutants (sediment) from exposed areas of the Site.

All control measures will be installed and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and good engineering practices. Weekly inspections and routine monitoring will be used to determine the effectiveness of controls in use.

Litter and solid construction debris potentially exposed to the stormwater will be prevented from becoming a pollution source through routine monitoring and the use of laborers to "pick" litter, as necessary.

5.3.2 Stabilization Practices

The construction site activities will include numerous stabilizing practices. Sediment and erosion controls such as erosion netting, mulching, and hydro-seeding may act as interim practices. Erosion netting material may include single net straw blankets or coconut blankets. Permanent stabilization practices will include the use of a hydro-seeding over vegetative support soil where additional exposure threatens stormwater quality. Seeding will be carried out with a seed mixture equal to the "Roadside Slope Mix" included below. All siltation barriers will remain in place until all exposed areas are re-vegetated.

PLANTING SCHEDULE FOR EXPOSED AREAS

- 1. All exposed areas will receive 6 inches of topsoil or compost material with the infiltration basin to receive 4 inches of loamy sand seeded at a rate of 2 pounds of red top, 15 pounds of creeping red fescue and 20 pounds tall fescue per acre
- 2. Seed will be equal to "Roadside Slope Mix" as specified by the Mass. Highway Department. Please refer to chart below for specifications. This mixture will be spread at a rate of 5 pounds per 1,000 square feet

TABLE 5.1								
ROADSIDE SLOPE MIX								
Germination Purity								
Common Name	Proportion	Minimum	Minimum					
Creeping Red Fescue	50%	85%	95%					
Kentucky 3	30%	85%	95%					
Domestic Rye	10%	90%	98%					
Red Top	5%	85%	92%					
Ladino Clover	5%	85%	96%					

5.3.3 Structural Practices

Perimeter controls will consist of compost silt socks. In order to ensure effective performance, proper installation is required. 2" x 2" wooden stakes will be positioned on the downhill side (away from the job Site) of the silt socks. The posts will be driven at least one foot into the ground.

Stabilized construction exits will be constructed at each proposed lot within the project area. A cross slope will be placed at the entrances to direct runoff to the settling area. If deemed necessary after construction begins, a wash pad may be included to wash off vehicle wheels before leaving the Site.

5.4 NON-STRUCTURAL CONTROLS

5.4.1 Good Housekeeping

Non-structural controls are as effective as structural controls in sediment control. Non-structural controls to be used at the construction Site include:

- Regular sweeping of paved surfaces; and
- Prompt cleanup of any waste or spilled waste materials.

5.4.2 Exposure Minimization

Exposure will be minimized by providing both permanent and temporary soil stabilization (see Section 5.2.2) over areas that have been completely constructed, or areas that will not be revisited within a 30-day period.

Where practicable, industrial materials and activities will be protected from exposure to rain, snow, snowmelt, or runoff.

5.4.3 Preventative Maintenance

A preventative maintenance program includes the timely inspection and maintenance of stormwater management devices. Examples of preventative maintenance include:

- Removal of obstructions, if any, from inlets and outlets.
- Removal of accumulated sediment and vacuuming water from sumps.
- Repairing and re-planting slope areas that experience erosion.

5.4.4 Inspections

An experienced Construction Monitor will conduct inspections of construction areas once every 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of the occurrence of a storm event of 0.25 inches or greater, or the occurrence of runoff from snowmelt sufficient to cause a discharge. Storm event information from a weather station representative of the Site's location may be used to determine if a storm event of 0.25 inches or greater has occurred on the Site. Total rainfall will be measured for any day of rainfall during normal business hours that measures 0.25 inches or greater. Construction areas an experienced Construction Monitor will inspect include:

- Disturbed areas of the construction Site that have not been finally stabilized,
- Areas used for storage of materials that are exposed to precipitation,
- Structural control measures.
- Locations where vehicles enter or exit the Site, and
- The stormwater management system and discharge outlets.

Disturbed areas and areas used for storage of materials that are exposed to precipitation will be inspected for evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the drainage system.

Sediment and erosion control measures identified will be observed to ensure that they are operating correctly. The discharge locations or points will be inspected to ascertain whether erosion control measures are effective in preventing significant impacts to receiving waters. Locations where vehicles enter or exit the Site will be inspected for evidence of offsite sediment tracking.

Based on the results of these routine inspections, the Contractor will correct any deficiencies found as soon as practicable. Results of the inspections, corrective actions taken in response to any deficiencies, and any opportunities for improvement that are identified will be documented in an inspection report.

5.5 POLLUTION AND SPILL PREVENTION

5.5.1 Materials

The following materials are anticipated to be present onsite during construction:

- General construction materials
- Asphalt/concrete
- Paint
- Petroleum-based products
- Cleaning solvents

5.5.2 Material Management Practices

Good Housekeeping Practices

- Store only enough materials needed for current construction activities.
- All materials that are stored outside will be stored in a neat, orderly manner, in the original containers.
- Materials will be kept in their original containers with manufacturer's labels.
- Whenever possible, all materials should be used before disposing the container.
- The site contractor shall be responsible for daily inspections to ensure proper handling and disposal of materials on site.

Product Specific Practices

Petroleum/Fertilizer Products:

- Refueling vehicles shall be DOT certified and shall contain SPCC Plans in place along with emergency equipment to contain and clean up spills.
- All on site construction vehicles shall be inspected for leaks and receive regular preventive maintenance to reduce the chance of leakage.
- Petroleum-based products will be stored in tightly sealed containers, which are properly marked.
- All fertilizers will be stored in a dry protected area and only used according to manufacturer's recommendation.

Paints:

- All containers will be tightly sealed and stored when not required for use.
- All procedures will be followed to minimize spills and to keep products in the original containers.

Concrete Trucks:

• The site contractor is responsible for designating a safe area, away from abutting property and resource areas, for excess concrete disposal.

Product Specific Practices

In addition to the good housekeeping and material management practices discussed in the previous sections of this plan, the following practices will be followed for spill prevention and cleanup during construction:

- Manufacturer recommended methods for spill cleanup will be clearly posted and site personnel will be made aware of the procedures and the location of the information and cleanup supplies.
- All spills will be cleaned up immediately after discovery.
- In any case or threat of explosion or life threatening condition, all personnel shall evacuate the area to safety and then contact the local fire department for assistance.
- The spill area will be ventilated and personnel will wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent injury from contact with a hazardous substance.
- The site contractor shall be responsible for spill prevention and cleanup and will designate at least three personnel who will receive spill prevention and cleanup training. The names of the assigned three personnel will be posted in the material storage area in the field office on site.

5.6 RECORDKEEPING

The following records will be maintained on the Site:

- 1. Dates when major grading activities occur,
- 2. Dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the Site,
- 3. Dates when stabilization measures are initiated, and
- 4. In addition, the following records will also be kept:
 - The Order of Conditions; and any additional permit conditions/approvals,
 - All inspection reports, and
 - Any spill reports.

6.0 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE (O&M) PLAN

6.1 GENERAL

Stormwater management systems with multiple components, such as the one proposed for the project, assures the cleanest possible discharges of stormwater to the environment. However, these systems must be routinely maintained to keep them in good working order. Additionally, this plan identifies potential sources of pollution that may affect the quality of stormwater discharges and describes the implementation of Long-Term Pollution Prevention practices to reduce potential pollutants in stormwater discharge. The party identified below will be responsible for the operation and maintenance of the stormwater management system and Site. Schedules and procedures for inspection and maintenance of the existing and proposed stormwater management system components are provided in the following sections.

Responsible Party for Plan Compliance:

Adams Circle, LLC. 30 Lowell Junction Road Andover, MA 01810

Contact: Jillian Wahl

Email: jillian@reframe.systems

Upon transfer of ownership, the future owner shall assume the responsibilities for compliance with this O&M Plan.

Emergency Contact Information:

TBD

Estimated O&M Budget:

It is estimated that an annual budget of \$2,000 - \$3,000 should be allocated to performing routine inspections and maintenance identified in this O&M Plan.

6.2 ROUTINE INSPECTIONS

Inspections of the stormwater management system as a whole, and of the individual components of the system, will be carried out on a routine basis in accordance with the schedule identified in Section 6.3. Components to be inspected include the catch basins, and infiltration chambers. Each will be inspected for sediment buildup, presence of oil, color, and structural damage. The results

of each inspection will be entered into an inspection log. Refer to Table 6.1 for the inspection log forms.

6.3 MAINTENANCE PLAN

The Responsible Party will incorporate a routine maintenance program to assure proper operation of the stormwater management system. Maintenance will be performed on the results of the inspections in accordance with the schedules identified in Table 6.1 The program will include the following maintenance activities:

Rain Garden

- Perform inspections twice during the first year and annually for leaf litter/other debris that might have accumulated within the rain garden. If leaf litter or other debris is impeding the functionality of the rain garden, it shall be removed immediately.
- Inlet pipes and the inlet swale shall be examined at least once a year and verify that no blockage has occurred.

Porous Pavement

- Perform inspections at least three times annually.
- Inspect the surface for evidence of sediment deposition, organic debris, water staining or ponding that may indicate surface ponding at least three times per year. If clogging is identified, schedule a vacuum sweeper to remove deposited material.
- Inspect pavement surface for signs of surface deterioration, such as slumping or cracking.

Stormwater Emergency Spillway

- Inspect once per year, typically in the spring.
- Inspect for washouts and repair if necessary.
- Remove vegetation and debris from blocking the outfall.

6.4 LONG TERM POLLUTION PREVENTION MAINTENANCE

The Responsible Party will incorporate a routine maintenance program to ensure the continued effectiveness of the structural water quality controls. Maintenance will be performed based on the results of inspections in accordance with the schedules identified below. The program will include the following maintenance activities:

Maintenance of Pavement Systems

Regular maintenance of pavement surfaces will prevent pollutants such as oil and grease, trash, and sediments from entering the stormwater management system. The following practices should be performed:

- Sweep or vacuum asphalt pavement areas annually with a commercial cleaning unit and dispose of removed material.
- Routinely pick up and remove litter from the parking areas, islands, and perimeter landscaping.

Maintenance of Vegetated Areas

Proper maintenance of vegetated areas can prevent the pollution of stormwater runoff by controlling the source of pollutants such as suspended sediments, excess nutrients, and chemicals from landscape care products. Practices that should be followed under the regular maintenance of the vegetated landscape include:

- Inspect planted areas on a semi-annual basis and remove any litter.
- Maintain planted areas adjacent to pavement to prevent soil washout.
- Immediately clean any soil deposited on pavement.
- Re-seed bare areas: install appropriate erosion control measures when native soil is exposed, or erosion channels are forming.
- Plant alternative mixture of grass species in the event of unsuccessful establishment.
- Grass vegetation should not be cut to a height less than four inches.
- Pesticide/Herbicide Usage No pesticides are to be used unless a single spot treatment is required for a specific control application.
- Fertilizer usage should be avoided. If deemed necessary, slow-release fertilizer should be used. Fertilizer may be used to begin the establishment of vegetation in bare or damaged areas but should not be applied on a regular basis unless necessary.

Management of Snow and Ice

Should significant snow fall events occur, which result in stockpiled snow impacting the operation of the Project Site, through the temporary loss of parking or limiting access in any way, the property manager may choose to have snow removed from the site. All snow removal operations will be done in accordance with Massachusetts DEP guidelines BRPG01-01, effective date March 8, 2001.

Salt and Deicing Chemicals

The amount of sand to be used on the site shall be reduced to the minimum amount needed to provide safe pedestrian and vehicle travel. The following practices should be followed to control the amount of sand that comes into contact with stormwater runoff:

- Devices used for spreading salt should be capable of varying the rate of application based on the site-specific conditions.
- Sand should be stockpiled under covered storage facilities that prevent precipitation and adjacent runoff from coming in contact with the deicing materials.
- The use of any salts or deicing chemicals is strictly prohibited.

6.5 OWNER TRAINING

Training of owner and end-user is essential to achieving proper operation and maintenance of the stormwater management system. Therefore, those who are responsible for operation and maintenance will be trained on the following subjects:

- Environmental laws and regulations relating to stormwater,
- The components and goals of the current Erosion and Sediment Control Plan,
- Site specific permit conditions and requirements,
- General Facility spill response procedures,
- General good housekeeping procedures, and
- General material management procedures.

Refresher training sessions will be held once a year following the completion of the Site Compliance Evaluation.

6.6 RECORDKEEPING

If required, records of inspections and maintenance shall be up to date and available for review and inspection, if requested by the town's official.



Table 6.1 - Stormwater Operations and Maintenance Log

Project Name: 25 Adams Circle - Multifamily Redevelopment

Project Location: 25 Adams Circle, Devens, MA

Project Number: 348-019

Date: 7/31/2025
Prepared By: MKB
Approved By: BEP

Best Management Practice	Inspection Frequency	Date Inspected	Inspector	Minimum Maintenance and Key Items to Check	Cleaning or Repair Needed (List Items if Required)	Date of Cleaning or Repair	Performed by
Rain Garden	Inspect monthly for the first three months. Then, at a minimum, the rain garden is to be inspected twice annually, typically in the spring and fall.			The rain garden will be inspected twice during for the first year and annually for leaf litter/other debris that might have accumulated within the rain garden. If leaf litter or other debris is impeding the functionality of the rain garden, it shall be removed immediately. The inlet pipes, inlet swales, and emergency spillway will be examined at least once each year and verified that no blockage has occurred.			
Porous Pavement	Inspect minimum three times per year.			Inspect the surface for evidence of sediment deposition, organic debris, water staining or ponding that may indicate surface ponding at least three times per year. If clogging is identified, schedule a vacuum sweeper to remove deposited material. Inspect pavement surface for signs of surface deterioriation, such as slumping or cracking.			
Emergency Spillway	Inspect once per year, typically in the spring.			Inspect for washouts and repair if necessary. Remove vegetation and debris from blocking spillway.			
Vegetated Areas	Inspect twice per year, typically in the spring and fall.			Perform maintenance on a regular basis during the growing season. Mow grassed areas on a regular basis to maintain growth. Plant alternative mixture of grass species in the event of unsuccessful establishment. Grass vegetation should not be cut to a height less than six inches. Maintain planted areas adjacent to pavement to prevent soil washout and immediately clean any soil deposited on pavement. Re-seed bare areas; install appropriate erosion control measures when native soil is exposed or erosion channels are forming. Remove trash, sediment debris and invasive vegetation.			

FIGURES

Figure 1 – Site Locus

Figure 2 – Aerial Exhibit

Figure 3 – FEMA Firmette

Figure 4 – Critical Areas Map

Figure HYD-PRE – Existing Conditions Drainage Area Map

Figure HYD-POST – Proposed Conditions Drainage Area Map



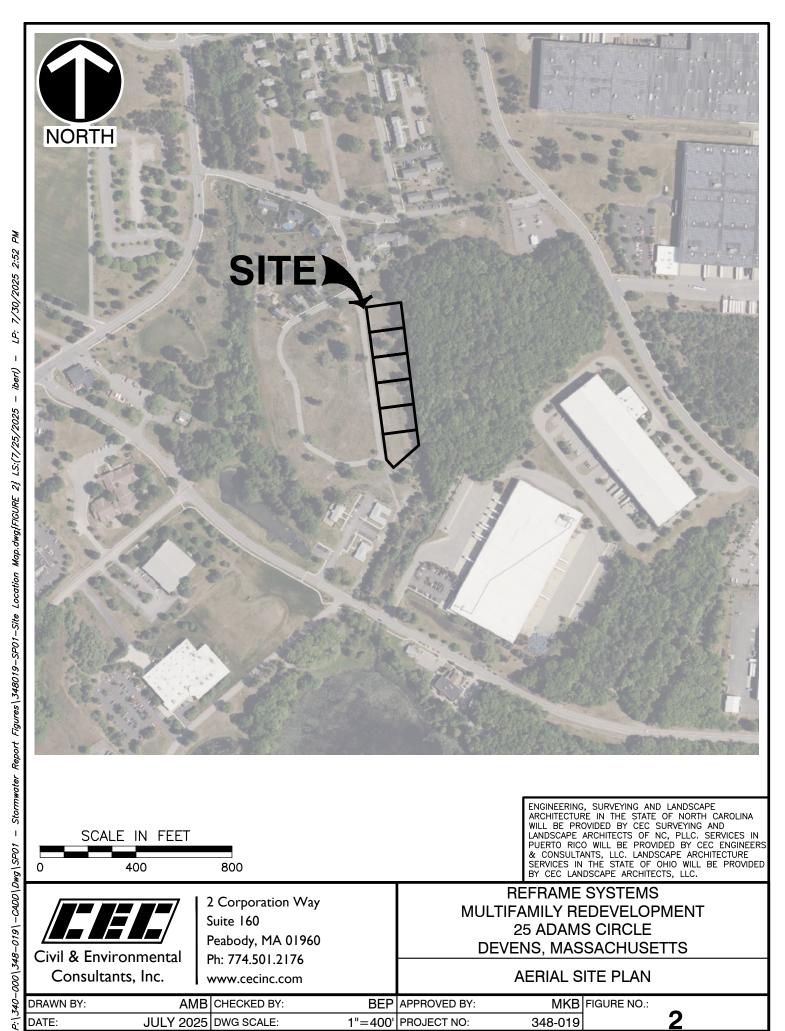
Civil & Environmental Consultants, Inc.

2 Corporation Way Suite 160 Peabody, MA 01960 Ph: 774.501.2176 www.cecinc.com

REFRAME SYSTEMS MULTIFAMILY REDEVELOPMENT 25 ADAMS CIRCLE DEVENS, MASSACHUSETTS

SITE LOCATION MAP

MKB FIGURE NO.: DRAWN BY: AMB CHECKED BY: APPROVED BY: JULY 2025 DWG SCALE: 1"=1,000' PROJECT NO: 348-019 DATE:





ENGINEERING, SURVEYING AND LANDSCAPE
ARCHITECTURE IN THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
WILL BE PROVIDED BY CEC SURVEYING AND
LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS OF NC, PLLC. SERVICES IN
PUERTO RICO WILL BE PROVIDED BY CEC ENGINEERS
& CONSULTANTS, LLC. LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE
SERVICES IN THE STATE OF OHIO WILL BE PROVIDED
BY CEC LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS, LLC.



2 Corporation Way Suite 160 Peabody, MA 01960 Ph: 774.501.2176 www.cecinc.com

REFRAME SYSTEMS MULTIFAMILY REDEVELOPMENT 25 ADAMS CIRCLE **DEVENS, MASSACHUSETTS**

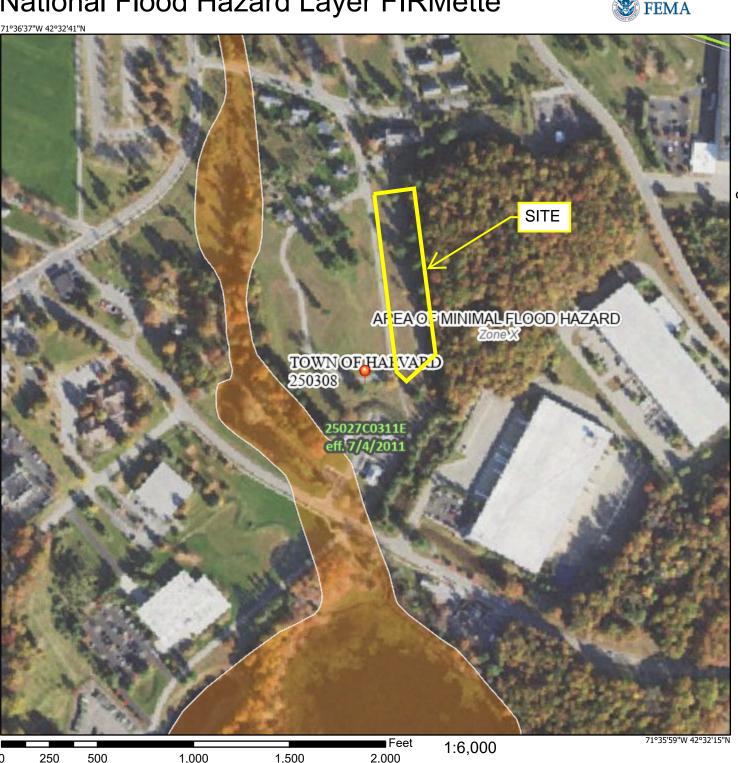
AERIAL SITE PLAN

DRAWN BY:	AMB	CHECKED BY:	BEP	APPROVED BY:	MKB	FIGURE NO.:
DATE:	JULY 2025	DWG SCALE:	1"=400'	PROJECT NO:	348-019	2

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette

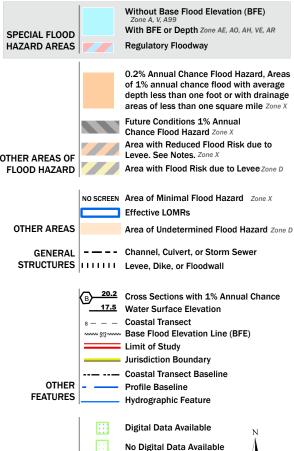


Basemap Imagery Source: USGS National Map 2023



Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT



The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

MAP PANELS

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 7/7/2025 at 3:02 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

Unmapped

FIGURE 3 - FEMA **FIRMETTE**

BEP APPROVED BY:

1"=400' PROJECT NO:

MKB FIGURE NO.:

348-019

www.cecinc.com

MKB CHECKED BY:

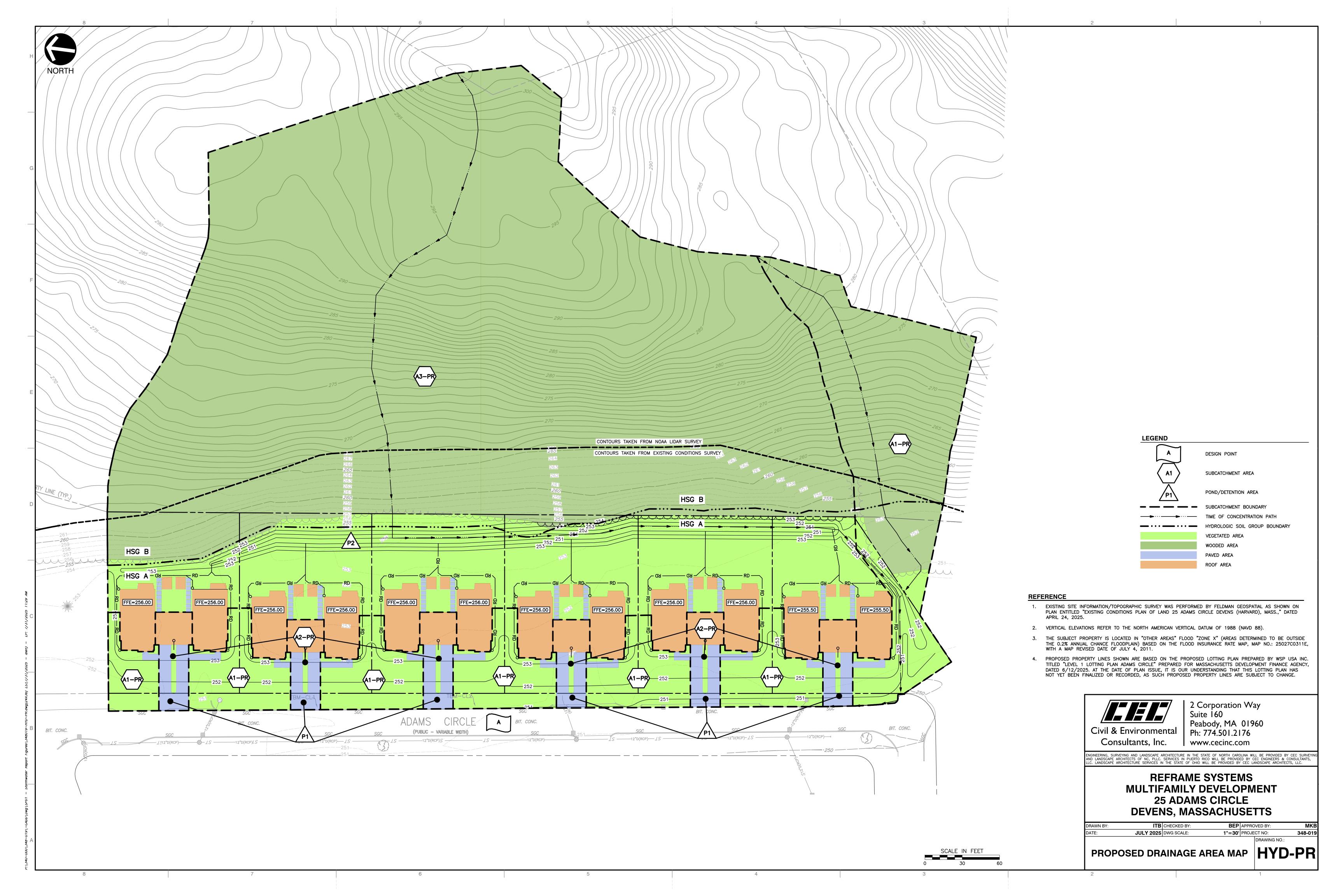
JULY 2025 DWG SCALE:

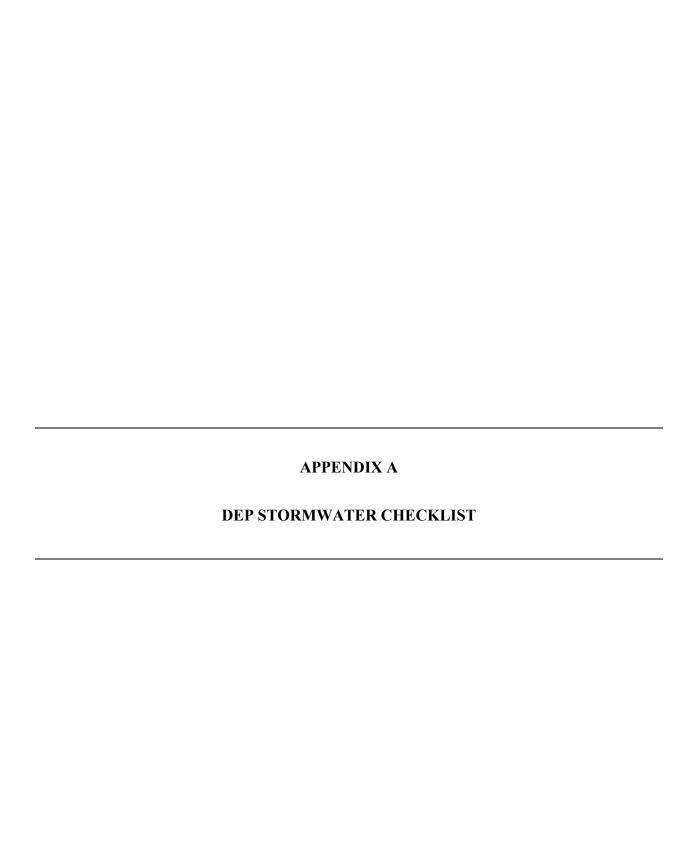
LP: 7/31/2025 12:16 PM P:\340-000\348-019\-CADD\Dwg\SP01 - Stormwater Report Figures\348019-SP01-Site Location Map.dwgFFIGURE 4} LS:(7/31/2025 - mbruckman) -

DRAWN BY:

DATE:









Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection

Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

A. Introduction

Important: When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return key.





A Stormwater Report must be submitted with the Notice of Intent permit application to document compliance with the Stormwater Management Standards. The following checklist is NOT a substitute for the Stormwater Report (which should provide more substantive and detailed information) but is offered here as a tool to help the applicant organize their Stormwater Management documentation for their Report and for the reviewer to assess this information in a consistent format. As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Report must contain the engineering computations and supporting information set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The Stormwater Report must be prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer (RPE) licensed in the Commonwealth.

The Stormwater Report must include:

- The Stormwater Checklist completed and stamped by a Registered Professional Engineer (see page 2) that certifies that the Stormwater Report contains all required submittals. This Checklist is to be used as the cover for the completed Stormwater Report.
- Applicant/Project Name
- Project Address
- Name of Firm and Registered Professional Engineer that prepared the Report
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan required by Standards 4-6
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan required by Standard 8²
- Operation and Maintenance Plan required by Standard 9

In addition to all plans and supporting information, the Stormwater Report must include a brief narrative describing stormwater management practices, including environmentally sensitive site design and LID techniques, along with a diagram depicting runoff through the proposed BMP treatment train. Plans are required to show existing and proposed conditions, identify all wetland resource areas, NRCS soil types, critical areas, Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPL), and any areas on the site where infiltration rate is greater than 2.4 inches per hour. The Plans shall identify the drainage areas for both existing and proposed conditions at a scale that enables verification of supporting calculations.

As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Management Report shall document compliance with each of the Stormwater Management Standards as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The soils evaluation and calculations shall be done using the methodologies set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

To ensure that the Stormwater Report is complete, applicants are required to fill in the Stormwater Report Checklist by checking the box to indicate that the specified information has been included in the Stormwater Report. If any of the information specified in the checklist has not been submitted, the applicant must provide an explanation. The completed Stormwater Report Checklist and Certification must be submitted with the Stormwater Report.

¹ The Stormwater Report may also include the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement required by Standard 10. If not included in the Stormwater Report, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement must be submitted prior to the discharge of stormwater runoff to the post-construction best management practices.

² For some complex projects, it may not be possible to include the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan in the Stormwater Report. In that event, the issuing authority has the discretion to issue an Order of Conditions that approves the project and includes a condition requiring the proponent to submit the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan before commencing any land disturbance activity on the site.



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection

Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification

The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

Note: Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.

A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

Registered Professional Engineer's Certification

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Long-term Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.

Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature

MEGHAN K. BRUCKMAN CIVIL ENGINEER NO. 56520 PEGISTERED PACESSIONAL ENGINEER 1/31/21/21	mln Parkennen	7/31/2025
	Signature and Date	
	\mathcal{U}	

Checklist

Project Type: Is the application for new development, redevelopment, or a mix of new are development?	nd
New development New development	
Redevelopment	
Mix of New Development and Redevelopment	



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

env	environmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the planning and design of the project:					
	No disturbance to any Wetla	and Resource Areas				
	Site Design Practices (e.g.	clustered development, reduced frontage setbacks)				
	Reduced Impervious Area (Redevelopment Only)				
	Minimizing disturbance to e	xisting trees and shrubs				
	LID Site Design Credit Requ	uested:				
	Credit 1					
	Credit 2					
	Credit 3					
	Use of "country drainage" ve	ersus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe				
	Bioretention Cells (includes	Rain Gardens)				
	Constructed Stormwater Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs)					
	Treebox Filter					
	Water Quality Swale					
	Grass Channel					
	Green Roof					
	Other (describe):	posed Rain Garden & Proposed Porous Pavement				
Sta	andard 1: No New Untreated	d Discharges				
\boxtimes	No new untreated discharge	es				
	Outlets have been designed Commonwealth	d so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and waters of the				
	Supporting calculations spe	cified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook included.				



Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued) Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding. Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm. Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed predevelopment rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24hour storm. Standard 3: Recharge Soil Analysis provided. Required Recharge Volume calculation provided. Required Recharge volume reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits. Sizing the infiltration, BMPs is based on the following method: Check the method used. ☐ Static Simple Dynamic Dynamic Field¹ Runoff from all impervious areas at the site discharging to the infiltration BMP. Runoff from all impervious areas at the site is *not* discharging to the infiltration BMP and calculations are provided showing that the drainage area contributing runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient to generate the required recharge volume. Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume. Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume only to the maximum extent practicable for the following reason: Site is comprised solely of C and D soils and/or bedrock at the land surface Solid Waste Landfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.000 Project is otherwise subject to Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable. Calculations showing that the infiltration BMPs will drain in 72 hours are provided. Property includes a M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid waste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.

¹ 80% TSS removal is required prior to discharge to infiltration BMP if Dynamic Field method is used.



Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

Cł	necklist (continued)
Sta	ndard 3: Recharge (continued)
	The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the 10-year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a mounding analysis is provided.
	Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby wetland resource areas.
Sta	ndard 4: Water Quality
•	Cood housekeeping practices; Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover; Vehicle washing controls; Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs; Spill prevention and response plans; Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas; Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides; Pet waste management provisions; Provisions for operation and management of septic systems; Provisions for solid waste management; Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas; Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions; Street sweeping schedules; Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system; Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL; Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan; List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan.
	A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is included as an attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent. Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and the one inch rule for calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge:
	is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area
	is near or to other critical areas
	is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour)
	involves runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads.

☐ The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.

applicable, the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement, are provided.

☐ Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal requirement and, if



Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued) Standard 4: Water Quality (continued) The BMP is sized (and calculations provided) based on: ☐ The ½" or 1" Water Quality Volume or The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume. ☐ The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying performance of the proprietary BMPs. A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided. Standard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs) ☐ The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report. The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted *prior* to the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs. The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does *not* cover the land use. LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan. All exposure has been eliminated. All exposure has *not* been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list. The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent. Standard 6: Critical Areas The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area. Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report.



Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

ent practicable
The project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent Practicable as a:
☐ Limited Project
 Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area. Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are protected
from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff
☐ Bike Path and/or Foot Path
Redevelopment Project
Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment.
Certain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and an explanation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report.
The project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to improve existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklist found in Volume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document that the proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretreatment and structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) improves existing conditions.

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must include the following information:

- Narrative;
- Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan;
- Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance;
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures;
- Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings;
- Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations;
- Vegetation Planning;
- Site Development Plan;
- Construction Sequencing Plan;
- Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Inspection Schedule;
- Maintenance Schedule;
- Inspection and Maintenance Log Form.
- A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan containing the information set forth above has been included in the Stormwater Report.



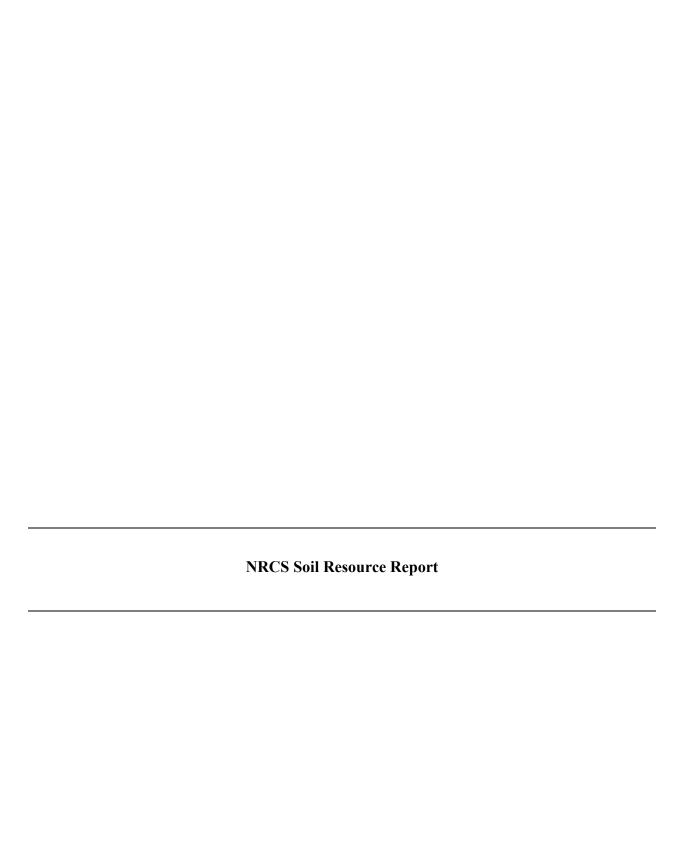
Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

	ndard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control ntinued)
	The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control has <i>not</i> been included in the Stormwater Report but will be submitted <i>before</i> land disturbance begins.
	The project is <i>not</i> covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit.
	The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the
\boxtimes	Stormwater Report. The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted. The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins.
Sta	ındard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan
	The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and includes the following information:
	Name of the stormwater management system owners;
	□ Party responsible for operation and maintenance;
	Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks;
	□ Description and delineation of public safety features;
	○ Operation and Maintenance Log Form.
	The responsible party is not the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions:
	A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs;
	A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions.
Sta	andard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges
\boxtimes	The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges;
	An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached;
	NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted <i>prior to</i> the discharge of any stormwater to post-construction BMPs.

APPENDIX B **GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION** NRCS Soil Resource Report Geotechnical Report (under separate cover)

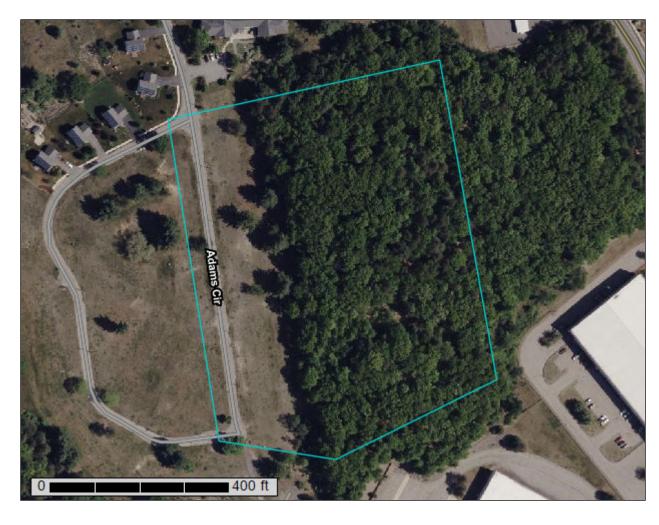




Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northeastern Part

25 Adams Circle - Multifamily Development



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2 053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons

Soil Map Unit Lines

Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout ဖ

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

Lava Flow Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

Spoil Area



Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other



Special Line Features

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails Interstate Highways

US Routes



Major Roads



Local Roads

Background

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Worcester County, Massachusetts,

Northeastern Part

Survey Area Data: Version 19, Aug 27, 2024

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: May 22, 2022—Jun 5, 2022

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background

MAP LEGEND

MAP INFORMATION

imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
262A	Quonset loamy sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes	3.6	32.7%
422D	Canton fine sandy loam, 15 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony	7.5	67.3%
Totals for Area of Interest		11.2	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the

development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northeastern Part

262A—Quonset loamy sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: w3m5

Elevation: 0 to 1,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 32 to 50 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 145 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Quonset and similar soils: 80 percent Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Quonset

Setting

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Loose sandy and gravelly glaciofluvial deposits

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 3 inches: loamy sand

H2 - 3 to 6 inches: channery loamy sand H3 - 6 to 18 inches: very channery loamy sand

H4 - 18 to 60 inches: stratified very channery coarse sand to very channery sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Runoff class: Very low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to very high (2.00

to 20.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 2.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3s

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F144AY022MA - Dry Outwash

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Hinckley

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Windsor

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Deerfield

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

422D—Canton fine sandy loam, 15 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w81j

Elevation: 0 to 1,340 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 145 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Canton, extremely stony, and similar soils: 80 percent

Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Canton, Extremely Stony

Setting

Landform: Moraines, hills, ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, side slope, crest

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Coarse-loamy over sandy melt-out till derived from gneiss,

granite, and/or schist

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 2 inches: slightly decomposed plant material

A - 2 to 5 inches: fine sandy loam Bw1 - 5 to 16 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw2 - 16 to 22 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam 2C - 22 to 67 inches: gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 35 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 9.0 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 19 to 39 inches to strongly contrasting textural

stratification

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high

(0.14 to 14.17 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 3.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Montauk, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 6 percent

Landform: Recessionial moraines, ground moraines, hills, drumlins

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Charlton, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 6 percent

Landform: Ridges, ground moraines, hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Scituate, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Ground moraines, hills, drumlins
Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Hollis, extremely stony

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Ridges, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, side slope, crest

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Linear, convex

Hydric soil rating: No

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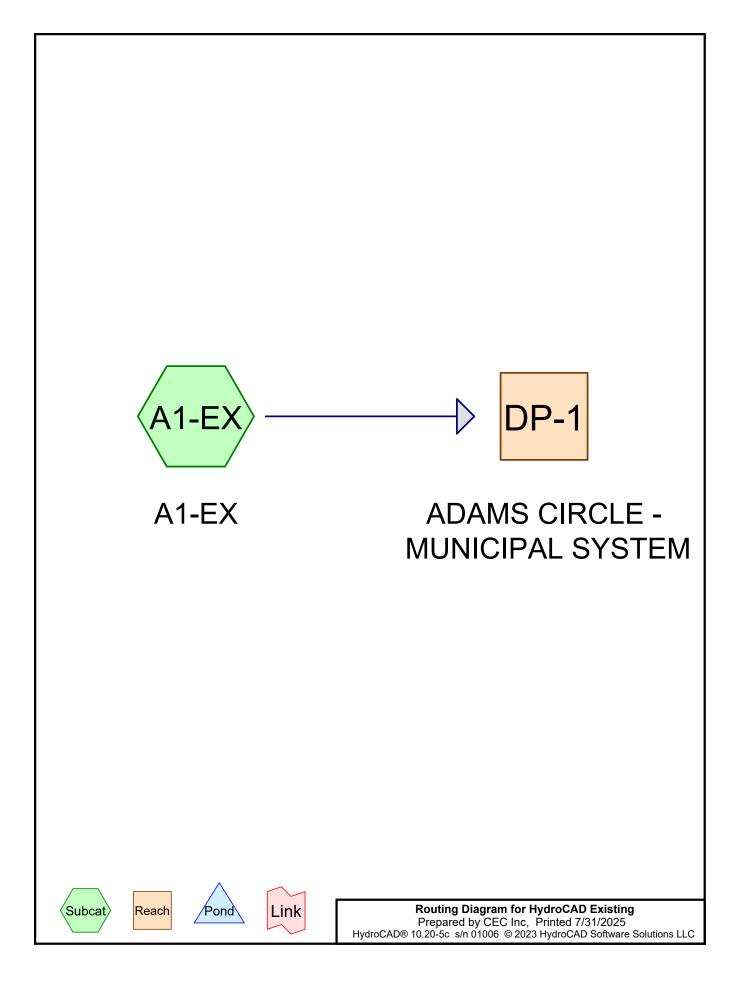
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APPENDIX C

SUPPORTING CALCULATIONS

HydroCAD Drainage Analysis
TSS Calculations
Water Quality Volume Calculations
Groundwater Recharge Calculations





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Rainfall Events Listing (selected events)

Event#	Event Name	Storm Type	Curve	Mode	Duration (hours)	B/B	Depth (inches)	AMC
1	2-Year	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	3.21	2
2	10-Year	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	5.01	2
3	25-Year	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	6.13	2
4	100-Year	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	7.86	2

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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
2.051	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (A1-EX)
0.050	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B (A1-EX)
0.173	30	Woods, Good, HSG A (A1-EX)
3.955	55	Woods, Good, HSG B (A1-EX)
6.230	49	TOTAL AREA

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Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area (acres)	Soil Group	Subcatchment Numbers
2.224	HSG A	A1-EX
4.006	HSG B	A1-EX
0.000	HSG C	
0.000	HSG D	
0.000	Other	
6.230		TOTAL AREA

348-019 25 Adams Circle Multifamily Development (Existing Condition)

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Ground Covers (all nodes)

HSG-A	HSG-B	HSG-C	HSG-D	Other	Total	Ground	Subcatchment
(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	Cover	Numbers
 2.051	0.050	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.102	>75% Grass cover, Good	A1-EX
0.173	3.955	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.129	Woods, Good	A1-EX
2.224	4.006	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.230	TOTAL AREA	

348-019 25 Adams Circle Multifamily Development (Existing Condition)

NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.21"

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentA1-EX: A1-EX

Runoff Area=271,382 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.07" Flow Length=1,346' Tc=24.3 min CN=49 Runoff=0.07 cfs 0.037 af

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Inflow=0.07 cfs 0.037 af Outflow=0.07 cfs 0.037 af

Total Runoff Area = 6.230 ac Runoff Volume = 0.037 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.07" 100.00% Pervious = 6.230 ac 0.00% Impervious = 0.000 ac

NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.21" Printed 7/31/2025

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Summary for Subcatchment A1-EX: A1-EX

Runoff = 0.07 cfs @ 15.12 hrs, Volume= 0.037 af, Depth> 0.07" Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

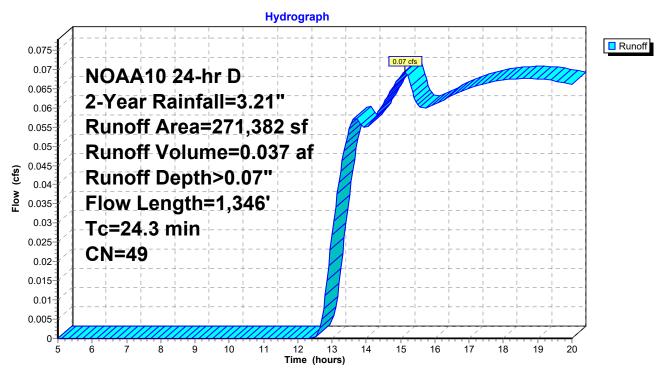
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.21"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	89,344 39 >75% Grass cover, Go			s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
7,551 30 Woods, Good, H		od, HSG A			
1	72,289	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
	2,198	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B
2	71,382	49	Weighted A	verage	
2	71,382		100.00% P	ervious Are	a
Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	<u> </u>
11.3	50	0.1000	0.07		Sheet Flow, Wooded Area
					Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.20"
4.5	305	0.0500	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Moderate sloped woods
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.3	160	0.1700	2.06		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep woodlands
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.0	57	0.0350	0.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Flat woodlands
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
2.3	122	0.0160	0.89		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Area
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
8.0	60	0.0035	1.20		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Asphalt pavement
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
3.1	592	0.0068	3.18	2.40	Pipe Channel, Municipal Drain
					12.0" Round w/ 1.0" inside fill Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.24'
					n= 0.015 Concrete sewer w/manholes & inlets
24.3	1,346	Total			

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Subcatchment A1-EX: A1-EX



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Summary for Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

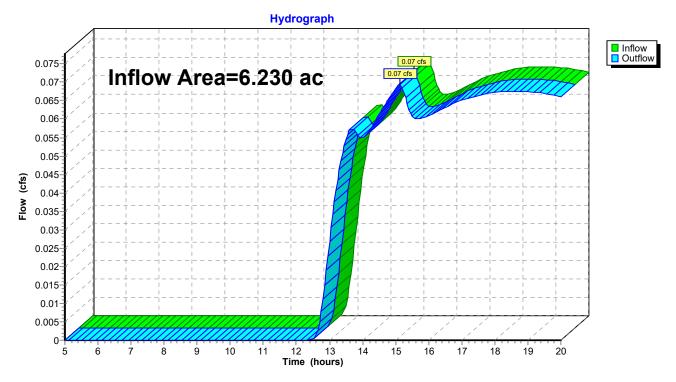
Inflow Area = 6.230 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.07" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.07 cfs @ 15.12 hrs, Volume= 0.037 af

Outflow = 0.07 cfs @ 15.12 hrs, Volume= 0.037 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM



348-019 25 Adams Circle Multifamily Development (Existing Condition)

HydroCAD Existing
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NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=5.01" Printed 7/31/2025

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentA1-EX: A1-EX

Runoff Area=271,382 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.51" Flow Length=1,346' Tc=24.3 min CN=49 Runoff=1.53 cfs 0.263 af

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Inflow=1.53 cfs 0.263 af Outflow=1.53 cfs 0.263 af

Total Runoff Area = 6.230 ac Runoff Volume = 0.263 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.51" 100.00% Pervious = 6.230 ac 0.00% Impervious = 0.000 ac

NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=5.01" Printed 7/31/2025

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Summary for Subcatchment A1-EX: A1-EX

Runoff = 1.53 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 0.263 af, Depth> 0.51" Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

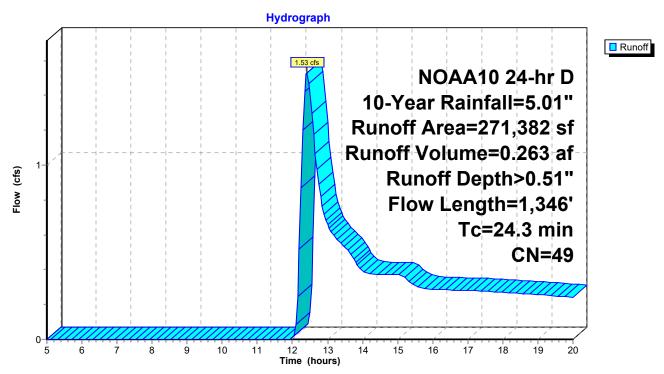
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=5.01"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description					
	89,344	39 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
7,551 30 Woods, Good, HSG A								
1	72,289		•	od, HSG B				
	2,198	61 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B			
	271,382		Weighted Average					
2	271,382	•	100.00% P	ervious Are	a			
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description			
11.3	50	0.1000	0.07		Sheet Flow, Wooded Area			
					Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.20"			
4.5	305	0.0500	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Moderate sloped woods			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
1.3	160	0.1700	2.06		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep woodlands			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
1.0	57	0.0350	0.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Flat woodlands			
0.0	400	0.0400	0.00		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
2.3	122	0.0160	0.89		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Area Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
0.8	60	0.0035	1.20		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Asphalt pavement			
0.0	00	0.0033	1.20		Paved Kv= 20.3 fps			
3.1	592	0.0068	3.18	2.40	Pipe Channel, Municipal Drain			
0	002	0.0000	0.10	20	12.0" Round w/ 1.0" inside fill Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.24'			
					n= 0.015 Concrete sewer w/manholes & inlets			
24.3	1,346	Total						

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Subcatchment A1-EX: A1-EX



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Summary for Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

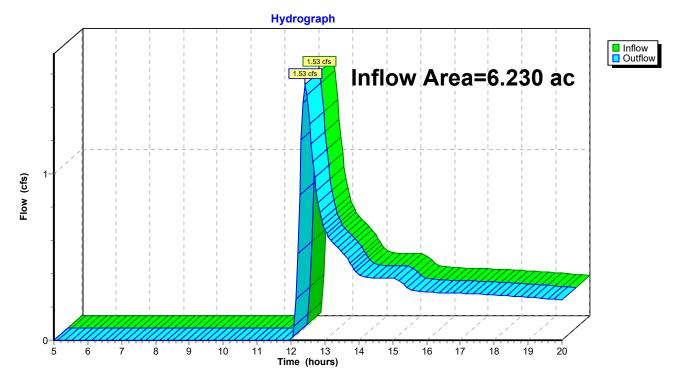
Inflow Area = 6.230 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.51" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 1.53 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 0.263 af

Outflow = 1.53 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 0.263 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM



348-019 25 Adams Circle Multifamily Development (Existing Condition) NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.13"

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentA1-EX: A1-EX

Runoff Area=271,382 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.93" Flow Length=1,346' Tc=24.3 min CN=49 Runoff=3.63 cfs 0.481 af

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Inflow=3.63 cfs 0.481 af Outflow=3.63 cfs 0.481 af

Total Runoff Area = 6.230 ac Runoff Volume = 0.481 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.93" 100.00% Pervious = 6.230 ac 0.00% Impervious = 0.000 ac

NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.13" Printed 7/31/2025

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Summary for Subcatchment A1-EX: A1-EX

Runoff = 3.63 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 0.481 af, Depth> 0.93" Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

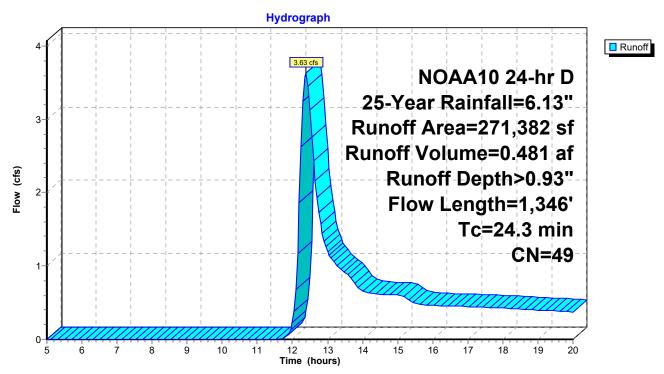
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.13"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	89,344	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
7,551 30 Woods, Good, HSG A					
1	72,289	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
	2,198	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B
2	71,382	49	Weighted A	verage	
2	71,382		100.00% P	ervious Are	a
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
11.3	50	0.1000	0.07		Sheet Flow, Wooded Area
					Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.20"
4.5	305	0.0500	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Moderate sloped woods
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.3	160	0.1700	2.06		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep woodlands
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.0	57	0.0350	0.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Flat woodlands
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
2.3	122	0.0160	0.89		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Area
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
8.0	60	0.0035	1.20		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Asphalt pavement
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
3.1	592	0.0068	3.18	2.40	
					12.0" Round w/ 1.0" inside fill Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.24'
					n= 0.015 Concrete sewer w/manholes & inlets
24.3	1,346	Total			

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Subcatchment A1-EX: A1-EX



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Summary for Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

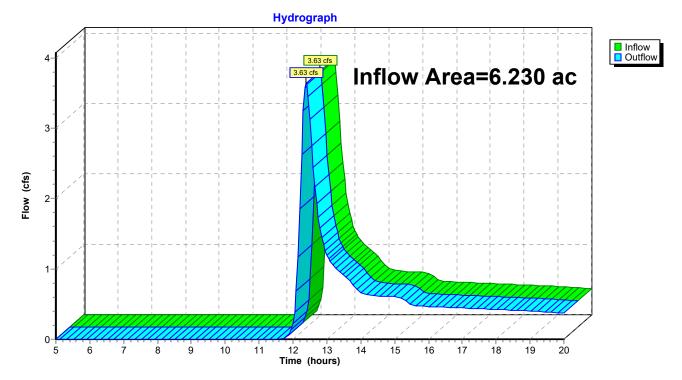
Inflow Area = 6.230 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.93" for 25-Year event

Inflow = 3.63 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 0.481 af

Outflow = 3.63 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 0.481 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM



348-019 25 Adams Circle Multifamily Development (Existing Condition) NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.86"

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentA1-EX: A1-EX

Runoff Area=271,382 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.73" Flow Length=1,346' Tc=24.3 min CN=49 Runoff=7.74 cfs 0.901 af

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Inflow=7.74 cfs 0.901 af Outflow=7.74 cfs 0.901 af

Total Runoff Area = 6.230 ac Runoff Volume = 0.901 af Average Runoff Depth = 1.73" 100.00% Pervious = 6.230 ac 0.00% Impervious = 0.000 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment A1-EX: A1-EX

Runoff = 7.74 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 0.901 af, Depth> 1.73" Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

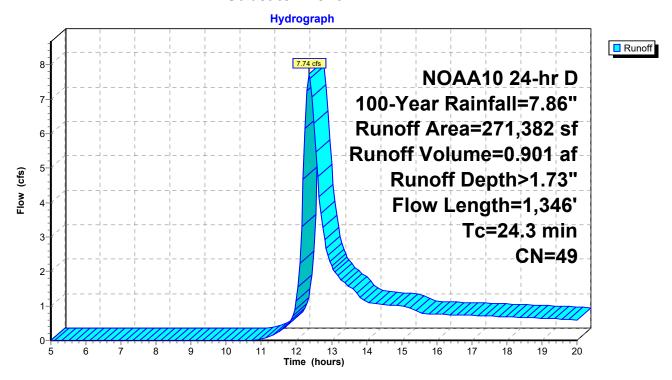
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.86"

	Area (sf)		CN E	Description							
	89,344		39 >	39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A							
	7,551				od, HSG A						
	172,289		55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B						
	2,198		61 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B					
	271,382		49 V	Veighted A	verage						
	271,382				ervious Are	a					
7	c Lengt	h	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
(mii	n) (feet	t)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	·					
11	3 5	0	0.1000	0.07		Sheet Flow, Wooded Area					
	Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.20"										
4	5 30	5	0.0500	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Moderate sloped woods					
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
1	3 16	0	0.1700	2.06		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Steep woodlands					
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
1	0 5	7	0.0350	0.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Flat woodlands					
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
2	3 12	2	0.0160	0.89		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Area					
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps					
0	8 6	0	0.0035	1.20		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Asphalt pavement					
						Paved Kv= 20.3 fps					
3	1 59	2	0.0068	3.18	2.40						
						12.0" Round w/ 1.0" inside fill Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.24'					
						n= 0.015 Concrete sewer w/manholes & inlets					
24	3 1,34	6	Total								

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Subcatchment A1-EX: A1-EX



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Summary for Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

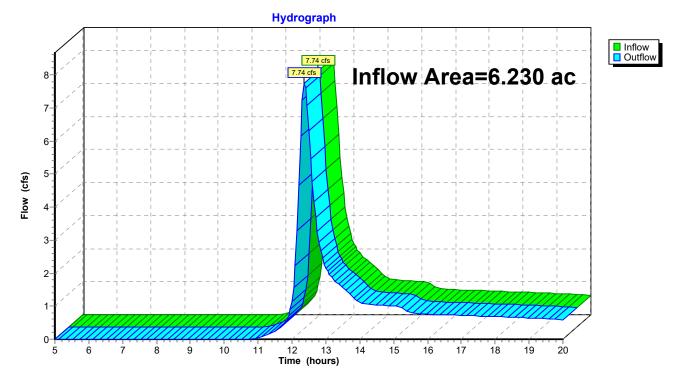
Inflow Area = 6.230 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.73" for 100-Year event

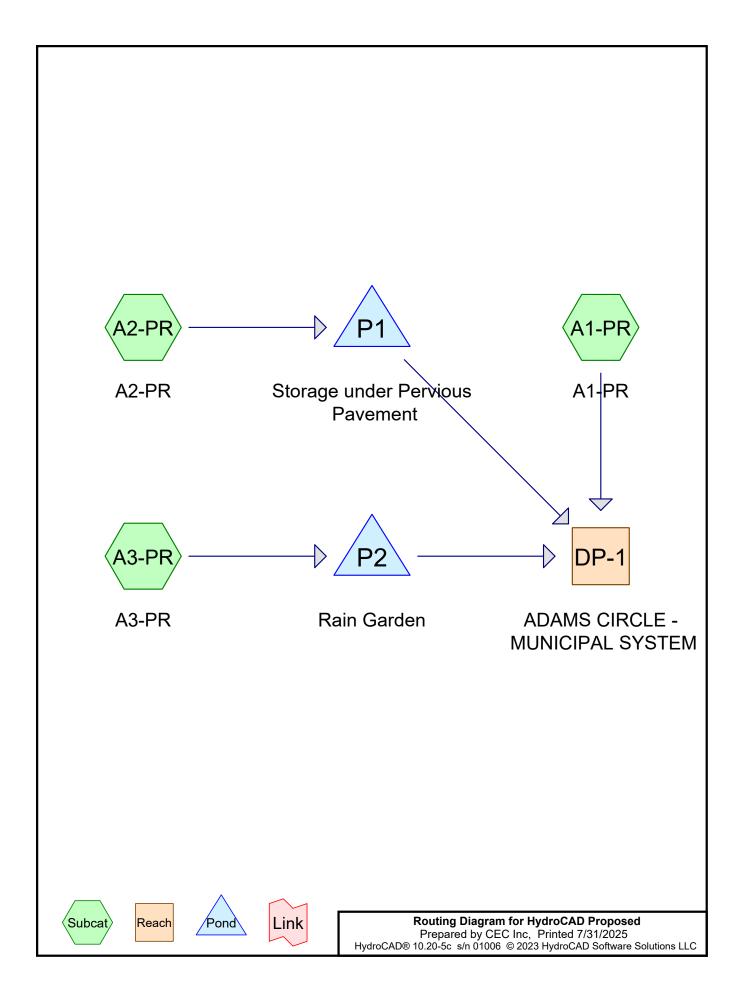
Inflow = 7.74 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 0.901 af

Outflow = 7.74 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 0.901 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM





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Rainfall Events Listing (selected events)

Event#	Event	Storm Type	Curve	Mode	Duration	B/B	Depth	AMC
	Name				(hours)		(inches)	
1	2-Year	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	3.21	2
2	10-Year	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	5.01	2
3	25-Year	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	6.13	2
4	100-Year	NOAA10 24-hr	D	Default	24.00	1	7.86	2

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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	a CN	Description
(acres	s)	(subcatchment-numbers)
1.41	0 39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (A1-PR, A2-PR, A3-PR)
0.05	0 61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B (A3-PR)
0.19	4 98	Paved parking, HSG A (A1-PR, A2-PR, A3-PR)
0.53	4 98	Roofs, HSG A (A2-PR, A3-PR)
0.08	8 30	Woods, Good, HSG A (A1-PR, A3-PR)
3.95	4 55	Woods, Good, HSG B (A1-PR, A3-PR)
6.22	9 56	TOTAL AREA

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Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area (acres)	Soil Group	Subcatchment Numbers
2.225	HSG A	A1-PR, A2-PR, A3-PR
4.004	HSG B	A1-PR, A3-PR
0.000	HSG C	
0.000	HSG D	
0.000	Other	
6.229		TOTAL AREA

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Ground Covers (all nodes)

 HSG-A (acres)	HSG-B (acres)	HSG-C (acres)	HSG-D (acres)	Other (acres)	Total (acres)	Ground Cover	Subcatchment Numbers
 1.410	0.050	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.460	>75% Grass cover, Good	A1-PR,
							A2-PR,
							A3-PR
0.194	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	Paved parking	A1-PR,
							A2-PR,
							A3-PR
0.534	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.534	Roofs	A2-PR,
							A3-PR
0.088	3.954	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.042	Woods, Good	A1-PR,
							A3-PR
2.225	4.004	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.229	TOTAL AREA	

348-019 25 Adams Circle Multifamily Development (Proposed Condition)

NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.21"

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentA1-PR: A1-PR Runoff Area=49,004 sf 2.58% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.03"

Flow Length=487' Tc=18.2 min CN=46 Runoff=0.01 cfs 0.003 af

SubcatchmentA2-PR: A2-PR Runoff Area=11,598 sf 92.66% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.32"

Flow Length=91' Tc=6.0 min CN=94 Runoff=0.77 cfs 0.051 af

SubcatchmentA3-PR: A3-PR Runoff Area=210,744 sf 9.34% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.21"

Flow Length=776' Tc=38.5 min CN=56 Runoff=0.26 cfs 0.084 af

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM Inflow=0.01 cfs 0.003 af

Outflow=0.01 cfs 0.003 af

Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement Peak Elev=250.10' Storage=238 cf Inflow=0.77 cfs 0.051 af

Discarded=0.34 cfs 0.051 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.34 cfs 0.051 af

Pond P2: Rain Garden Peak Elev=251.10' Storage=791 cf Inflow=0.26 cfs 0.084 af

Discarded=0.12 cfs 0.070 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.12 cfs 0.070 af

Total Runoff Area = 6.229 ac Runoff Volume = 0.139 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.27" 88.32% Pervious = 5.502 ac 11.68% Impervious = 0.728 ac

NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.21" Printed 7/31/2025

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Summary for Subcatchment A1-PR: A1-PR

Runoff = 0.01 cfs @ 20.00 hrs, Volume= 0.003 af, Depth> 0.03" Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.21"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description							
	27,486	39 >	39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A							
	2,831	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A						
	17,424	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B						
	1,263	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG A	1					
	49,004	46 V	Veighted A	verage						
	47,741	g	7.42% Pei	rvious Area						
	1,263	2	2.58% Impe	ervious Area	a					
_										
Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description					
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
13.8	50	0.0600	0.06		Sheet Flow, Woodland					
					Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.20"					
2.3	250	0.1300	1.80		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Steep					
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
2.1	187	0.0100	1.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed swale					
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps					
18.2	487	Total								

HydroCAD Proposed

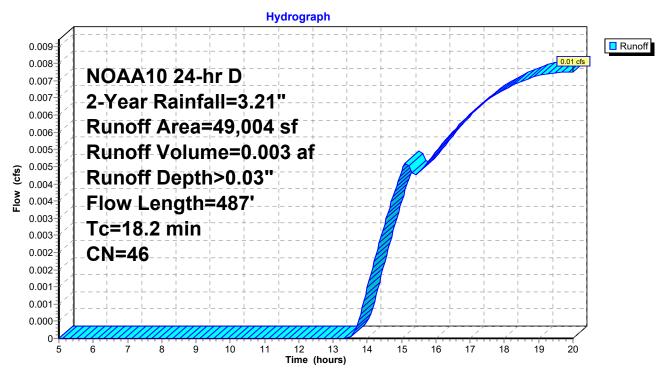
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Subcatchment A1-PR: A1-PR



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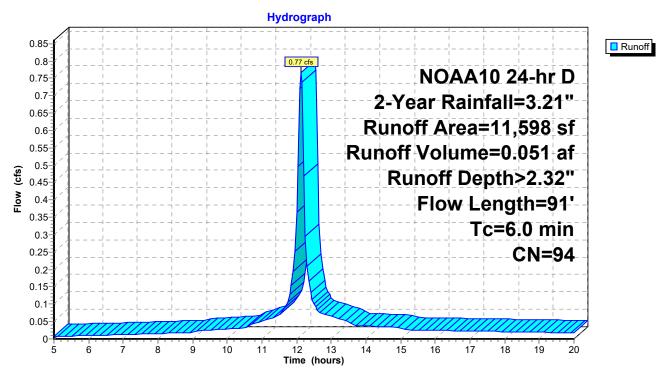
Summary for Subcatchment A2-PR: A2-PR

Runoff = 0.77 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.051 af, Depth> 2.32" Routed to Pond P1 : Storage under Pervious Pavement

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.21"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	4,685	98	Roofs, HSC	A A					
	6,062	98	Paved park	Paved parking, HSG A					
	851	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A				
	11,598	94	Weighted A	verage					
	851		7.34% Perv	rious Area					
	10,747		92.66% lmp	pervious Ar	ea				
Tc	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
6.0	91		0.25		Direct Entry, Roofs and Gutters				

Subcatchment A2-PR: A2-PR



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Summary for Subcatchment A3-PR: A3-PR

Runoff = 0.26 cfs @ 12.74 hrs, Volume= 0.084 af, Depth> 0.21"

Routed to Pond P2: Rain Garden

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.21"

	Aı	rea (sf)	CN E	escription		
		33,062	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
		1,002	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
		18,557	98 F	Roofs, HSC	βA	
	1	54,812	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
		2,178			•	ood, HSG B
_		1,133	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG A	<u> </u>
		10,744		Veighted A	0	
		91,054	_		rvious Area	
		19,690	9	.34% Impe	ervious Are	a
	То	Longth	Clana	Valacity	Consoitu	Description
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
-					(CIS)	Chast Flow Woodland
	28.3	50	0.0100	0.03		Sheet Flow, Woodland Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.20"
	2.6	283	0.1270	1.78		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland
	2.0	203	0.1270	1.70		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.0	10	0.3300	8.62		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed 3:1
	0.0	10	0.0000	0.02		Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	7.6	433	0.0040	0.95		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Detention Pond and swale
	7.0	100	0.0010	0.00		Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
-	38.5	776	Total			

HydroCAD Proposed

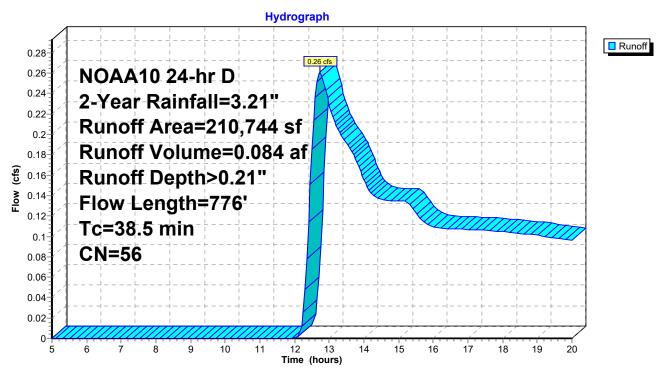
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NOAA10 24-nr D 2-Year Raintail=3.21"
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Subcatchment A3-PR: A3-PR



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Summary for Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

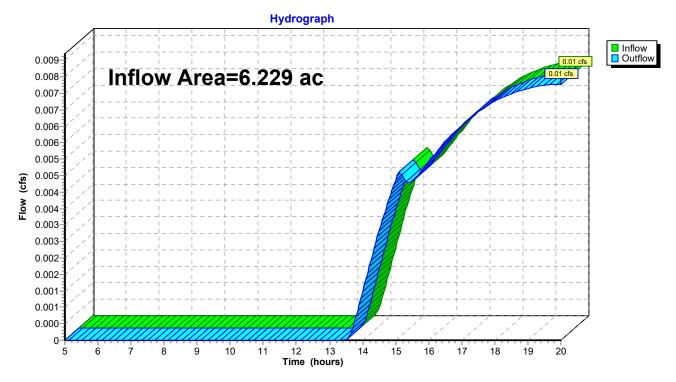
Inflow Area = 6.229 ac, 11.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.01" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.01 cfs @ 20.00 hrs, Volume= 0.003 af

Outflow = 0.01 cfs @ 20.00 hrs, Volume= 0.003 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM



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NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.21"

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Summary for Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement

Inflow Area = 0.266 ac, 92.66% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 2.32" for 2-Year event
Inflow = 0.77 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.051 af
Outflow = 0.34 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 0.051 af, Atten= 56%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded = 0.34 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 0.051 af
Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 5.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af
Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 250.10' @ 12.24 hrs Surf.Area= 6,062 sf Storage= 238 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 4.0 min calculated for 0.051 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 3.4 min (763.9 - 760.6)

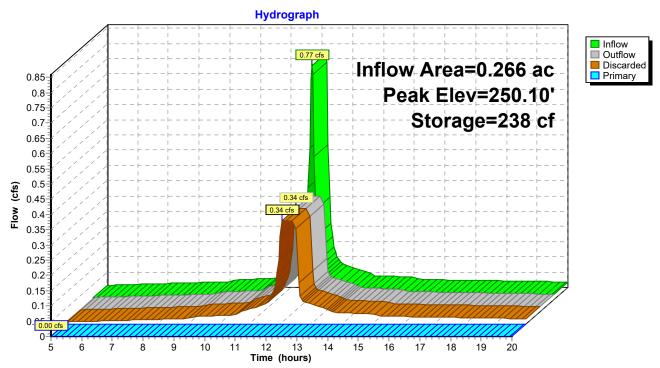
Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage D	escription	
#1	250.00'	4,85		tage Data (Pr Overall x 40.0	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc) 9% Voids
Elevation (fee		rf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
250.0 251.0 252.0	00	6,062 6,062 6,062	0 6,062 6,062	6,062 12,124	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	12,124	
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	250.00' 252.00'	Head (feet) 0.2 2.50 3.00	1.0' breadth 0 0.40 0.60 2.69 2.72 2.73	Surface area Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.34 cfs @ 12.05 hrs HW=250.03' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.34 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 5.00 hrs HW=250.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement



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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement

Elevation	Surface	Storage	Elevation	Surface	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
250.00	6,062	Ő	251.02	6,062	2,473
250.02	6,062	48	251.04	6,062	2,522
250.04	6,062	97	251.06	6,062	2,570
250.06	6,062	145	251.08	6,062	2,619
250.08	6,062	194	251.10	6,062	2,667
250.10	6,062	242	251.12	6,062	2,716
250.12	6,062	291	251.14	6,062	2,764
250.14	6,062	339	251.16	6,062	2,813
250.16	6,062	388	251.18	6,062	2,861
250.18	6,062	436	251.20	6,062	2,910
250.20	6,062	485	251.22	6,062	2,958
250.22	6,062	533	251.24	6,062	3,007
250.24	6,062	582	251.26	6,062	3,055
250.26	6,062	630	251.28	6,062	3,104
250.28	6,062	679	251.30	6,062	3,152
250.30	6,062	727	251.32	6,062	3,201
250.32	6,062	776	251.34	6,062	3,249
250.34	6,062	824	251.36	6,062	3,298
250.36	6,062	873	251.38	6,062	3,346
250.38	6,062	921	251.40	6,062	3,395
250.40 250.42	6,062 6,062	970 1,018	251.42	6,062	3,443 3,492
250.42 250.44	6,062	1,016	251.44 251.46	6,062	3,492 3,540
250.44	6,062	1,115	251.46 251.48	6,062 6,062	3,589
250.48	6,062	1,1164	251.46 251.50	6,062	3,637
250.50	6,062	1,212	251.50 251.52	6,062	3,686
250.52	6,062	1,261	251.52	6,062	3,734
250.54	6,062	1,309	251.56	6,062	3,783
250.56	6,062	1,358	251.58	6,062	3,831
250.58	6,062	1,406	251.60	6,062	3,880
250.60	6,062	1,455	251.62	6,062	3,928
250.62	6,062	1,503	251.64	6,062	3,977
250.64	6,062	1,552	251.66	6,062	4,025
250.66	6,062	1,600	251.68	6,062	4,074
250.68	6,062	1,649	251.70	6,062	4,122
250.70	6,062	1,697	251.72	6,062	4,171
250.72	6,062	1,746	251.74	6,062	4,219
250.74	6,062	1,794	251.76	6,062	4,268
250.76	6,062	1,843	251.78	6,062	4,316
250.78	6,062	1,891	251.80	6,062	4,365
250.80	6,062	1,940	251.82	6,062	4,413
250.82	6,062	1,988	251.84	6,062	4,462
250.84	6,062	2,037	251.86	6,062	4,510
250.86	6,062	2,085	251.88	6,062	4,559
250.88	6,062	2,134	251.90	6,062	4,607
250.90	6,062	2,182	251.92	6,062	4,656
250.92	6,062	2,231	251.94	6,062	4,704
250.94	6,062	2,279	251.96	6,062	4,753
250.96	6,062	2,328	251.98	6,062	4,801
250.98	6,062	2,376	252.00	6,062	4,850
251.00	6,062	2,425			
			I		

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NOAA10 24-hr D 2-Year Rainfall=3.21" Printed 7/31/2025

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Summary for Pond P2: Rain Garden

Inflow Area = 4.838 ac, 9.34% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.21" for 2-Year event
Inflow = 0.26 cfs @ 12.74 hrs, Volume= 0.084 af
Outflow = 0.12 cfs @ 15.53 hrs, Volume= 0.070 af, Atten= 53%, Lag= 167.1 min
Discarded = 0.12 cfs @ 15.53 hrs, Volume= 0.070 af
Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 5.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af
Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 251.10' @ 15.53 hrs Surf.Area= 2,185 sf Storage= 791 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 88.5 min calculated for 0.070 af (83% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 44.8 min (980.1 - 935.2)

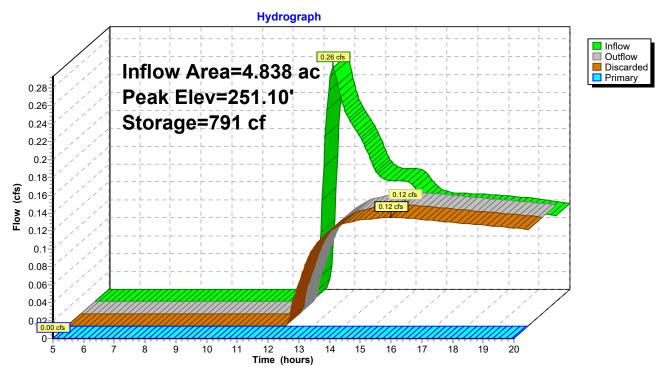
Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage [Description	
#1	250.50'	10,5	19 cf Custom S	Stage Data (Pr	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio		ırf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
250.5	,	448	0	0	
251.0	-	1,873	580	580	
252.0	00	4,877	3,375	3,955	
253.0	00	8,250	6,564	10,519	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Discarded	250.50'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area		Surface area
#2	Primary	252.00'	5.0' long x 2.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir		
			Head (feet) 0.2	20 0.40 0.60	0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50)	
			Coef. (English)	2.54 2.61 2.	61 2.60 2.66 2.70 2.77 2.89 2.88
			2.85 3.07 3.20	3.32	

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.12 cfs @ 15.53 hrs HW=251.10' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.12 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 5.00 hrs HW=250.50' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Pond P2: Rain Garden



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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond P2: Rain Garden

(feet) (sq-ft) (cubic-feet) 250.50 448 0 250.55 591 26 250.60 733 59 250.65 876 99 250.70 1,018 147 250.75 1,161 201 250.80 1,303 263 250.85 1,445 331 250.90 1,588 407 250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.25 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.55 3,525 2,065
250.55 591 26 250.60 733 59 250.65 876 99 250.70 1,018 147 250.75 1,161 201 250.80 1,303 263 250.85 1,445 331 250.90 1,588 407 250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
250.60 733 59 250.65 876 99 250.70 1,018 147 250.75 1,161 201 250.80 1,303 263 250.85 1,445 331 250.90 1,588 407 250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
250.70 1,018 147 250.75 1,161 201 250.80 1,303 263 250.85 1,445 331 250.90 1,588 407 250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
250.75 1,161 201 250.80 1,303 263 250.85 1,445 331 250.90 1,588 407 250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
250.80 1,303 263 250.85 1,445 331 250.90 1,588 407 250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
250.85 1,445 331 250.90 1,588 407 250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.55 3,525 2,065
054.00 0.075 0.045
251.60 3,675 2,245
251.65 3,826 2,432 251.70 3,976 2,627
251.75 4,126 2,830
251.80 4,276 3,040
251.85 4,426 3,257 251.90 4,577 3,483
251.95 4,727 3,715
252.00 4,877 3,955
252.05 5,046 4,203
252.10 5,214 4,460 252.15 5,383 4,725
252.20 5,552 4,998
252.25 5,720 5,280
252.30 5,889 5,570 252.35 6,058 5,869
252.40 6,226 6,176
252.45 6,395 6,491
252.50 6,564 6,815 252.55 6,732 7,148
252.60 6,901 7,489
252.65 7,069 7,838
252.70 7,238 8,196 252.75 7,407 8,562
252.75 7,407 6,562 252.80 7,575 8,936
252.85 7,744 9,319
252.90 7,913 9,711 252.95 8,081 10,110
252.95 8,081 10,110 253.00 8,250 10,519

348-019 25 Adams Circle Multifamily Development (Proposed Condition)

HydroCAD Proposed

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NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=5.01" Printed 7/31/2025

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentA1-PR: A1-PR Runoff Area=49,004 sf 2.58% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.38"

Flow Length=487' Tc=18.2 min CN=46 Runoff=0.18 cfs 0.036 af

SubcatchmentA2-PR: A2-PR Runoff Area=11,598 sf 92.66% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.89"

Flow Length=91' Tc=6.0 min CN=94 Runoff=1.26 cfs 0.086 af

SubcatchmentA3-PR: A3-PR Runoff Area=210,744 sf 9.34% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.85"

Flow Length=776' Tc=38.5 min CN=56 Runoff=2.09 cfs 0.344 af

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM Inflow=0.61 cfs 0.112 af

Outflow=0.61 cfs 0.112 af

Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement Peak Elev=250.25' Storage=605 cf Inflow=1.26 cfs 0.086 af

Discarded=0.34 cfs 0.086 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.34 cfs 0.086 af

Pond P2: Rain Garden Peak Elev=252.12' Storage=4,570 cf Inflow=2.09 cfs 0.344 af

Discarded=0.29 cfs 0.176 af Primary=0.54 cfs 0.077 af Outflow=0.83 cfs 0.253 af

Total Runoff Area = 6.229 ac Runoff Volume = 0.465 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.90" 88.32% Pervious = 5.502 ac 11.68% Impervious = 0.728 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment A1-PR: A1-PR

Runoff = 0.18 cfs @ 12.36 hrs, Volume= 0.036 af, Depth> 0.38" Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=5.01"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description				
	27,486	39 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A				
	2,831	30 V	Woods, Good, HSG A				
	17,424	55 V	Woods, Good, HSG B				
	1,263	98 F	Paved parking, HSG A				
	49,004	46 Weighted Average					
47,741 97.42% Pervious Area							
	1,263	2.58% Impervious Area					
_							
Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description		
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
13.8	50	0.0600	0.06		Sheet Flow, Woodland		
					Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.20"		
2.3	250	0.1300	1.80		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Steep		
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
2.1	187	0.0100	1.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed swale		
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps		
18.2	487	Total					

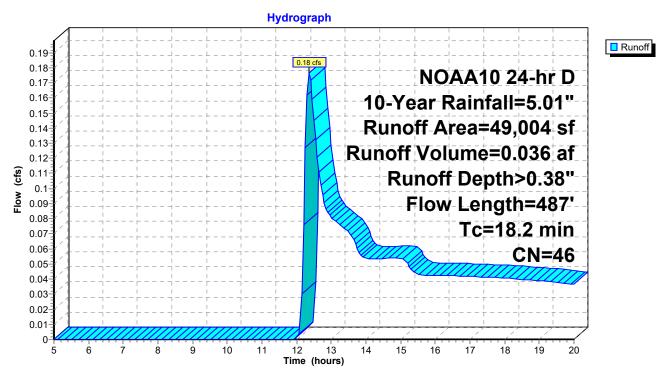
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NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=5.01" Printed 7/31/2025

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Subcatchment A1-PR: A1-PR



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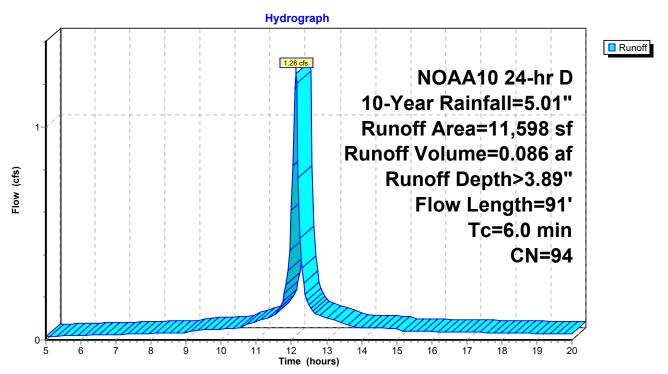
Summary for Subcatchment A2-PR: A2-PR

Runoff = 1.26 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.086 af, Depth> 3.89" Routed to Pond P1 : Storage under Pervious Pavement

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=5.01"

Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
	4,685	98	Roofs, HSG A				
	6,062	98	Paved parking, HSG A				
	851	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A				
	11,598	94	Weighted A	verage			
	851		7.34% Pervious Area				
	10,747		92.66% Impervious Area				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
6.0	91		0.25		Direct Entry, Roofs and Gutters		

Subcatchment A2-PR: A2-PR



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Summary for Subcatchment A3-PR: A3-PR

Runoff = 2.09 cfs @ 12.58 hrs, Volume= 0.344 af, Depth> 0.85"

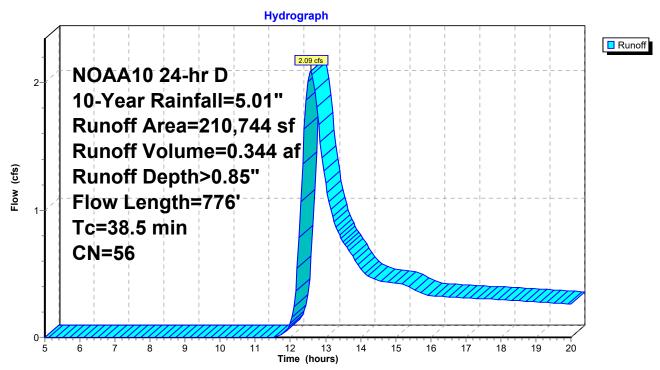
Routed to Pond P2: Rain Garden

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=5.01"

	Aı	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
		33,062	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
		1,002	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
		18,557	98 F	Roofs, HSC	βA	
	1	54,812	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
		2,178	61 >	·75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B
		1,133	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG A	
	2	10,744	56 V	Veighted A	verage	
	1	91,054	g	0.66% Pe	rvious Area	
		19,690	g).34% Impe	ervious Area	a
	Тс	Length	Slope	•		Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	28.3	50	0.0100	0.03		Sheet Flow, Woodland
						Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.20"
	2.6	283	0.1270	1.78		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.0	10	0.3300	8.62		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed 3:1
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	7.6	433	0.0040	0.95		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Detention Pond and swale
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	38.5	776	Total			

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Subcatchment A3-PR: A3-PR



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Summary for Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

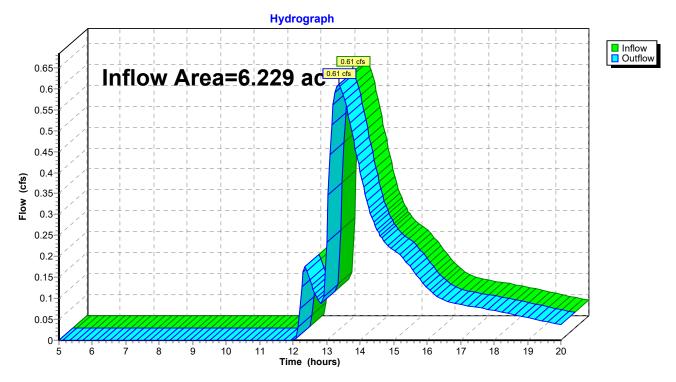
Inflow Area = 6.229 ac, 11.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.22" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.61 cfs @ 13.35 hrs, Volume= 0.112 af

Outflow = 0.61 cfs @ 13.35 hrs, Volume= 0.112 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM



HydroCAD Proposed Prepared by CEC Inc

NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=5.01"

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Summary for Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement

Inflow Area = 0.266 ac, 92.66% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 3.89" for 10-Year event
Inflow = 1.26 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.086 af
Outflow = 0.34 cfs @ 11.95 hrs, Volume= 0.086 af, Atten= 73%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded = 0.34 cfs @ 11.95 hrs, Volume= 0.086 af
Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 5.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af
Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 250.25' @ 12.31 hrs Surf.Area= 6,062 sf Storage= 605 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 8.4 min calculated for 0.086 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 7.6 min (758.1 - 750.5)

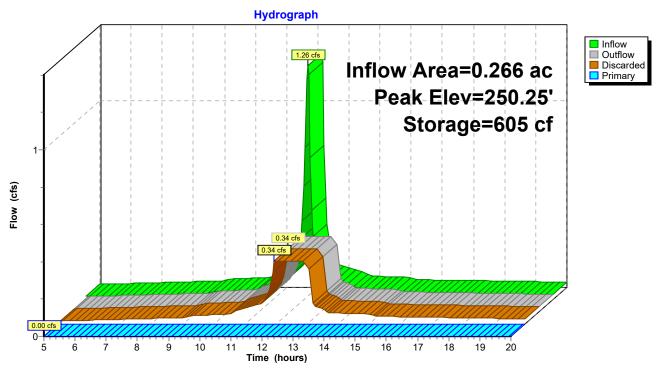
Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage I	Description	
#1	250.00'	4,85		Stage Data (Pr f Overall x 40.0	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc) % Voids
Elevation	on Su	urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
250.0	00	6,062	0	0	
251.0	00	6,062	6,062	6,062	
252.0	00	6,062	6,062	12,124	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	3	
#1	Discarded	250.00'	2.410 in/hr Ex	filtration over	Surface area
#2	Primary	252.00'	6,000.0' long	x 1.0' breadth	Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.	20 0.40 0.60 (0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00		
			Coef. (English) 2.69 2.72 2.7	75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31
			3.30 3.31 3.3	2	

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.34 cfs @ 11.95 hrs HW=250.02' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.34 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 5.00 hrs HW=250.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement



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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement

Elevation	Surface	Storage	Elevation	Surface	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
250.00	6,062	Ő	251.02	6,062	2,473
250.02	6,062	48	251.04	6,062	2,522
250.04	6,062	97	251.06	6,062	2,570
250.06	6,062	145	251.08	6,062	2,619
250.08	6,062	194	251.10	6,062	2,667
250.10	6,062	242	251.12	6,062	2,716
250.12	6,062	291	251.14	6,062	2,764
250.14	6,062	339	251.16	6,062	2,813
250.16	6,062	388	251.18	6,062	2,861
250.18	6,062	436	251.20	6,062	2,910
250.20	6,062	485	251.22	6,062	2,958
250.22	6,062	533	251.24	6,062	3,007
250.24	6,062	582	251.26	6,062	3,055
250.26	6,062	630	251.28	6,062	3,104
250.28	6,062	679	251.30	6,062	3,152
250.30	6,062	727	251.32	6,062	3,201
250.32	6,062	776	251.34	6,062	3,249
250.34	6,062	824	251.36	6,062	3,298
250.36	6,062	873	251.38	6,062	3,346
250.38	6,062	921	251.40	6,062	3,395
250.40 250.42	6,062 6,062	970 1,018	251.42	6,062	3,443 3,492
250.42 250.44	6,062	1,016	251.44 251.46	6,062	3,492 3,540
250.44	6,062	1,115	251.46 251.48	6,062 6,062	3,589
250.48	6,062	1,1164	251.46 251.50	6,062	3,637
250.50	6,062	1,212	251.50 251.52	6,062	3,686
250.52	6,062	1,261	251.52	6,062	3,734
250.54	6,062	1,309	251.56	6,062	3,783
250.56	6,062	1,358	251.58	6,062	3,831
250.58	6,062	1,406	251.60	6,062	3,880
250.60	6,062	1,455	251.62	6,062	3,928
250.62	6,062	1,503	251.64	6,062	3,977
250.64	6,062	1,552	251.66	6,062	4,025
250.66	6,062	1,600	251.68	6,062	4,074
250.68	6,062	1,649	251.70	6,062	4,122
250.70	6,062	1,697	251.72	6,062	4,171
250.72	6,062	1,746	251.74	6,062	4,219
250.74	6,062	1,794	251.76	6,062	4,268
250.76	6,062	1,843	251.78	6,062	4,316
250.78	6,062	1,891	251.80	6,062	4,365
250.80	6,062	1,940	251.82	6,062	4,413
250.82	6,062	1,988	251.84	6,062	4,462
250.84	6,062	2,037	251.86	6,062	4,510
250.86	6,062	2,085	251.88	6,062	4,559
250.88	6,062	2,134	251.90	6,062	4,607
250.90	6,062	2,182	251.92	6,062	4,656
250.92	6,062	2,231	251.94	6,062	4,704
250.94	6,062	2,279	251.96	6,062	4,753
250.96	6,062	2,328	251.98	6,062	4,801
250.98	6,062	2,376	252.00	6,062	4,850
251.00	6,062	2,425			
			I		

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NOAA10 24-hr D 10-Year Rainfall=5.01"

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Summary for Pond P2: Rain Garden

Inflow Area = 4.838 ac, 9.34% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.85" for 10-Year event
Inflow = 2.09 cfs @ 12.58 hrs, Volume= 0.344 af
Outflow = 0.83 cfs @ 13.36 hrs, Volume= 0.253 af, Atten= 60%, Lag= 46.9 min
Discarded = 0.29 cfs @ 13.36 hrs, Volume= 0.176 af
Primary = 0.54 cfs @ 13.36 hrs, Volume= 0.077 af
Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 252.12' @ 13.36 hrs Surf.Area= 5,285 sf Storage= 4,570 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 126.3 min calculated for 0.252 af (73% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 54.9 min (939.6 - 884.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage [Description			
#1	250.50'	10,5	19 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pr	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevatio		ırf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)			
250.5	,	448	0	0			
251.0	-	1,873	580	580			
252.0	00	4,877	3,375	3,955			
253.0	00	8,250	6,564	10,519			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices				
#1	Discarded	250.50'	2.410 in/hr Ex	filtration over	Surface area		
#2	Primary	252.00'	5.0' long x 2.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir				
			Head (feet) 0.2	20 0.40 0.60	0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00		
			2.50 3.00 3.50)			
			Coef. (English)	2.54 2.61 2.	61 2.60 2.66 2.70 2.77 2.89 2.88		
			2.85 3.07 3.20	3.32			

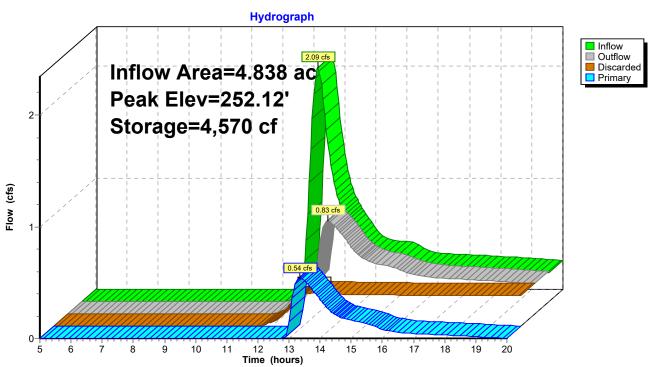
Discarded OutFlow Max=0.29 cfs @ 13.36 hrs HW=252.12' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.29 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.53 cfs @ 13.36 hrs HW=252.12' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.53 cfs @ 0.88 fps)

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Pond P2: Rain Garden



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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond P2: Rain Garden

Elevation	Surface	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
250.50	448	0
250.55	591	26
250.60	733	59
250.65	876	99
250.70	1,018	147
250.75	1,161	201
250.80 250.85	1,303	263 331
250.90	1,445 1,588	407
250.95	1,730	490
251.00	1,873	580
251.05	2,023	678
251.10	2,173	783
251.15	2,324	895
251.20	2,474	1,015
251.25	2,624	1,142
251.30	2,774	1,277
251.35	2,924	1,420
251.40	3,075	1,570
251.45	3,225	1,727
251.50	3,375	1,892
251.55	3,525	2,065
251.60	3,675	2,245
251.65 251.70	3,826 3,976	2,432 2,627
251.75	4,126	2,830
251.75	4,276	3,040
251.85	4,426	3,257
251.90	4,577	3,483
251.95	4,727	3,715
252.00	4,877	3,955
252.05	5,046	4,203
252.10	5,214	4,460
252.15	5,383	4,725
252.20	5,552	4,998
252.25	5,720	5,280
252.30	5,889	5,570
252.35	6,058	5,869
252.40 252.45	6,226 6,395	6,176 6,491
252.50	6,564	6,815
252.55	6,732	7,148
252.60	6,901	7,489
252.65	7,069	7,838
252.70	7,238	8,196
252.75	7,407	8,562
252.80	7,575	8,936
252.85	7,744	9,319
252.90	7,913	9,711
252.95	8,081	10,110
253.00	8,250	10,519

348-019 25 Adams Circle Multifamily Development (Proposed Condition)

NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.13"

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentA1-PR: A1-PR Runoff Area=49,004 sf 2.58% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.74"

Flow Length=487' Tc=18.2 min CN=46 Runoff=0.54 cfs 0.070 af

SubcatchmentA2-PR: A2-PR Runoff Area=11,598 sf 92.66% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.87"

Flow Length=91' Tc=6.0 min CN=94 Runoff=1.56 cfs 0.108 af

SubcatchmentA3-PR: A3-PR Runoff Area=210,744 sf 9.34% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.40"

Flow Length=776' Tc=38.5 min CN=56 Runoff=3.72 cfs 0.563 af

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM Inflow=2.42 cfs 0.346 af

Outflow=2.42 cfs 0.346 af

Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement Peak Elev=250.36' Storage=868 cf Inflow=1.56 cfs 0.108 af

Discarded=0.34 cfs 0.108 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.34 cfs 0.108 af

Pond P2: Rain Garden Peak Elev=252.31' Storage=5,639 cf Inflow=3.72 cfs 0.563 af

Discarded=0.33 cfs 0.190 af Primary=2.25 cfs 0.277 af Outflow=2.58 cfs 0.467 af

Total Runoff Area = 6.229 ac Runoff Volume = 0.740 af Average Runoff Depth = 1.43" 88.32% Pervious = 5.502 ac 11.68% Impervious = 0.728 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment A1-PR: A1-PR

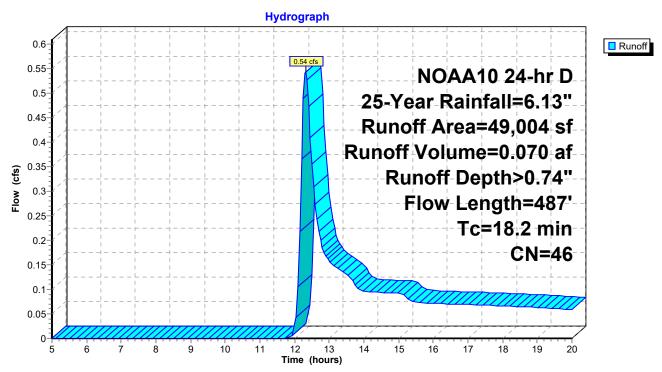
Runoff = 0.54 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 0.070 af, Depth> 0.74" Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.13"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
_		27,486	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
		2,831	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
		17,424	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
		1,263	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG A	
		49,004	46 V	Veighted A	verage	
		47,741	ç	7.42% Pei	vious Area	
		1,263	2	2.58% Impe	ervious Area	a
	Тс	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	13.8	50	0.0600	0.06		Sheet Flow, Woodland
						Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.20"
	2.3	250	0.1300	1.80		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Steep
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	2.1	187	0.0100	1.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed swale
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	18.2	487	Total			

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Subcatchment A1-PR: A1-PR



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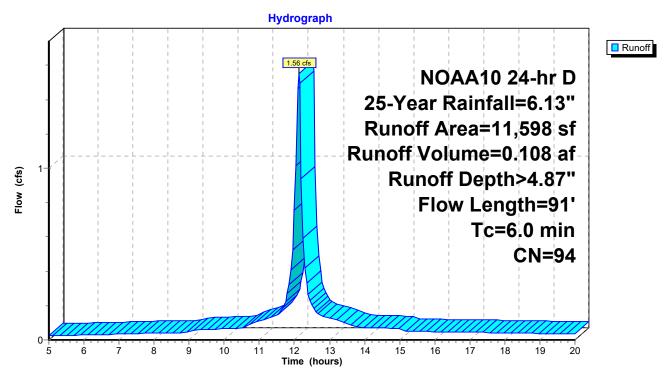
Summary for Subcatchment A2-PR: A2-PR

Runoff = 1.56 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.108 af, Depth> 4.87" Routed to Pond P1 : Storage under Pervious Pavement

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.13"

Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
	4,685	98	Roofs, HSC	A A			
	6,062	98	Paved parking, HSG A				
	851	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A				
	11,598	94	Weighted A	verage			
	851		7.34% Perv	rious Area			
	10,747		92.66% Impervious Area				
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
6.0	91		0.25		Direct Entry, Roofs and Gutters		

Subcatchment A2-PR: A2-PR



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Summary for Subcatchment A3-PR: A3-PR

Runoff = 3.72 cfs @ 12.56 hrs, Volume= 0.563 af, Depth> 1.40"

Routed to Pond P2: Rain Garden

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.13"

	Aı	rea (sf)	CN E	escription		
		33,062	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
		1,002	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
		18,557	98 F	Roofs, HSG	βA	
	1	54,812	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
		2,178	61 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B
		1,133	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG A	
	2	10,744	56 V	Veighted A	verage	
	1	91,054	9	0.66% Pei	rvious Area	
		19,690	9	.34% Impe	ervious Area	a
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	28.3	50	0.0100	0.03		Sheet Flow, Woodland
						Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.20"
	2.6	283	0.1270	1.78		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.0	10	0.3300	8.62		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed 3:1
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	7.6	433	0.0040	0.95		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Detention Pond and swale
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	38.5	776	Total			

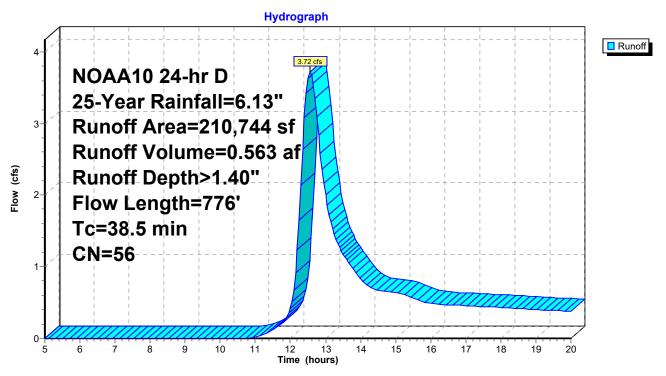
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Subcatchment A3-PR: A3-PR



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Summary for Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

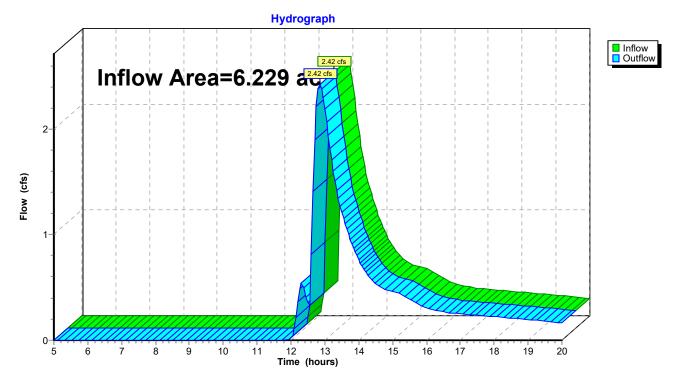
Inflow Area = 6.229 ac, 11.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.67" for 25-Year event

Inflow = 2.42 cfs @ 12.85 hrs, Volume= 0.346 af

Outflow = 2.42 cfs @ 12.85 hrs, Volume= 0.346 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM



NOAA10 24-hr D 25-Year Rainfall=6.13"

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Summary for Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement

Inflow Area = 0.266 ac, 92.66% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 4.87" for 25-Year event
Inflow = 1.56 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.108 af
Outflow = 0.34 cfs @ 11.90 hrs, Volume= 0.108 af, Atten= 78%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded = 0.34 cfs @ 11.90 hrs, Volume= 0.108 af
Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 5.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af
Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 250.36' @ 12.35 hrs Surf.Area= 6,062 sf Storage= 868 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 12.2 min calculated for 0.108 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 11.4 min (758.5 - 747.1)

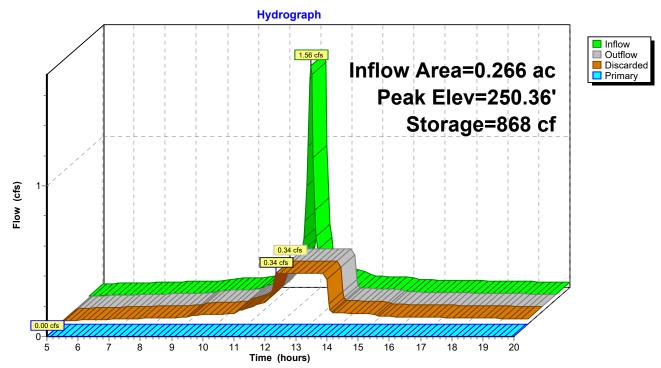
Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage D	escription		
#1	250.00'	4,85		Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc) 12,124 cf Overall x 40.0% Voids		
Elevatio		ırf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)		
250.0 251.0 252.0	00	6,062 6,062 6,062	6,062 6,062	6,062 12,124		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices			
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	250.00' 252.00'	Head (feet) 0.2 2.50 3.00	x 1.0' breadth 20 0.40 0.60 2.69 2.72 2	r Surface area n Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 .75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31	

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.34 cfs @ 11.90 hrs HW=250.02' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.34 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 5.00 hrs HW=250.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement



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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement

		•	l =: .:		0.
Elevation	Surface	Storage	Elevation	Surface	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
250.00	6,062	0	251.02	6,062	2,473
250.02	6,062	48	251.04	6,062	2,522
250.04	6,062	97	251.06	6,062	2,570
250.06	6,062	145	251.08	6,062	2,619
250.08	6,062	194	251.10	6,062	2,667
250.10	6,062	242	251.12	6,062	2,716
250.12	6,062	291	251.14	6,062	2,764
250.14	6,062	339	251.16	6,062	2,813
250.16	6,062	388	251.18	6,062	2,861
250.18	6,062	436	251.20	6,062	2,910
250.20	6,062	485	251.22	6,062	2,958
250.22	6,062	533	251.24	6,062	3,007
250.24	6,062	582	251.26	6,062	3,055
250.26	6,062	630	251.28	6,062	3,104
250.28	6,062	679	251.30	6,062	3,152
250.30	6,062	727	251.32	6,062	3,201
250.32	6,062	776	251.34	6,062	3,249
250.34	6,062	824	251.36	6,062	3,298
250.36	6,062	873	251.38	6,062	3,346
250.38	6,062	921	251.40	6,062	3,395
250.40	6,062	970	251.42	6,062	3,443
250.42	6,062	1,018	251.44	6,062	3,492
250.44	6,062	1,067	251.46	6,062	3,540
250.44	6,062	1,115	251.48	6,062	3,589
250.48	6,062	1,164	251.50	6,062	3,637
250.50	6,062	1,212	251.52	6,062	3,686
250.52	6,062	1,261	251.52	6,062	3,734
250.54	6,062	1,309	251.56	6,062	3,783
250.56	6,062	1,358	251.58	6,062	3,831
250.58	6,062	1,406	251.60	6,062	3,880
250.60	6,062	1,455	251.62	6,062	3,928
250.62	6,062	1,503	251.64	6,062	3,977
250.64	6,062	1,552	251.66	6,062	4,025
250.66	6,062	1,600	251.68	6,062	4,074
250.68	6,062	1,649	251.70	6,062	4,122
250.70	6,062	1,697	251.70 251.72	6,062	4,171
250.72	6,062	1,746	251.72	6,062	4,219
250.74	6,062	1,794	251.74	6,062	4,268
250.74	6,062	1,843	251.76	6,062	4,316
250.78	6,062	1,891	251.76	6,062	4,365
250.76	6,062	1,940	251.80	6,062	4,413
250.82	6,062	1,988	251.82 251.84	6,062	4,462
250.84	6,062	2,037	251.86	6,062	4,510
250.86	6,062	2,085	251.88	6,062	4,559
250.88	6,062	2,003 2,134	251.88 251.90	6,062	4,607
250.90	6,062		251.90 251.92	6,062	4,656
250.90 250.92	6,062	2,182 2,231	251.92 251.94	6,062 6,062	4,704
250.92 250.94	6,062			6,062 6,062	
250.94 250.96	6,062	2,279 2,338	251.96 251.98	6,062 6,062	4,753 4,801
250.98 250.98	6,062	2,328 2,376	251.96	6,062 6,062	4,801 4,850
250.96	6,062	2,376 2,425	202.00	0,002	4,000
231.00	0,002	۷,420			
			I		

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Summary for Pond P2: Rain Garden

Inflow Area = 4.838 ac, 9.34% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.40" for 25-Year event
Inflow = 3.72 cfs @ 12.56 hrs, Volume= 0.563 af

Outflow = 2.58 cfs @ 12.86 hrs, Volume= 0.467 af, Atten= 31%, Lag= 17.8 min
Discarded = 0.33 cfs @ 12.86 hrs, Volume= 0.190 af

Primary = 2.25 cfs @ 12.86 hrs, Volume= 0.277 af

Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 252.31' @ 12.86 hrs Surf.Area= 5,928 sf Storage= 5,639 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 83.0 min calculated for 0.466 af (83% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 33.3 min (903.7 - 870.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage [Description			
#1	250.50'	10,5	19 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pr	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevatio		ırf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)			
250.5	,	448	0	0			
251.0	-	1,873	580	580			
252.0	00	4,877	3,375	3,955			
253.0	00	8,250	6,564	10,519			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices				
#1	Discarded	250.50'	2.410 in/hr Ex	filtration over	Surface area		
#2	Primary	252.00'	5.0' long x 2.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir				
			Head (feet) 0.2	20 0.40 0.60	0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00		
			2.50 3.00 3.50)			
			Coef. (English)	2.54 2.61 2.	61 2.60 2.66 2.70 2.77 2.89 2.88		
			2.85 3.07 3.20	3.32			

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.33 cfs @ 12.86 hrs HW=252.31' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.33 cfs)

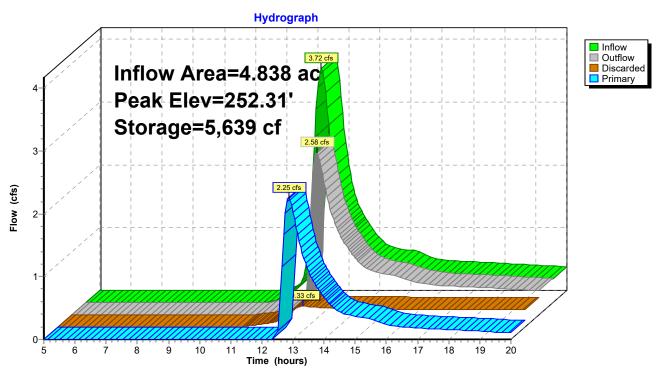
Primary OutFlow Max=2.24 cfs @ 12.86 hrs HW=252.31' (Free Discharge)

—2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 2.24 cfs @ 1.44 fps)

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Pond P2: Rain Garden



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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond P2: Rain Garden

Elevation	Surface	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
250.50	448	0
250.55	591	26
250.60	733	59
250.65 250.70	876	99 147
250.75	1,018 1,161	201
250.80	1,303	263
250.85	1,445	331
250.90	1,588	407
250.95	1,730	490
251.00	1,873	580
251.05	2,023	678
251.10	2,173	783
251.15	2,324	895
251.20	2,474	1,015
251.25	2,624	1,142
251.30 251.35	2,774 2,924	1,277 1,420
251.40	3,075	1,570
251.45	3,225	1,727
251.50	3,375	1,892
251.55	3,525	2,065
251.60	3,675	2,245
251.65	3,826	2,432
251.70	3,976	2,627
251.75	4,126	2,830
251.80	4,276	3,040
251.85 251.90	4,426 4,577	3,257
251.95	4,727	3,483 3,715
252.00	4,877	3,955
252.05	5,046	4,203
252.10	5,214	4,460
252.15	5,383	4,725
252.20	5,552	4,998
252.25	5,720	5,280
252.30	5,889	5,570
252.35	6,058	5,869
252.40 252.45	6,226 6,395	6,176 6,491
252.50	6,564	6,815
252.55	6,732	7,148
252.60	6,901	7,489
252.65	7,069	7,838
252.70	7,238	8,196
252.75	7,407	8,562
252.80	7,575	8,936
252.85	7,744	9,319
252.90 252.95	7,913 8,081	9,711 10,110
253.00	8,250	10,110 10,519
200.00	0,230	10,519

348-019 25 Adams Circle Multifamily Development (Proposed Condition) NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.86"

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentA1-PR: A1-PR Runoff Area=49,004 sf 2.58% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.47"

Flow Length=487' Tc=18.2 min CN=46 Runoff=1.32 cfs 0.138 af

SubcatchmentA2-PR: A2-PR Runoff Area=11,598 sf 92.66% Impervious Runoff Depth>6.37"

Flow Length=91' Tc=6.0 min CN=94 Runoff=2.02 cfs 0.141 af

SubcatchmentA3-PR: A3-PR Runoff Area=210,744 sf 9.34% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.38"

Flow Length=776' Tc=38.5 min CN=56 Runoff=6.63 cfs 0.960 af

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM Inflow=5.88 cfs 0.785 af

Outflow=5.88 cfs 0.785 af

Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement Peak Elev=250.54' Storage=1,314 cf Inflow=2.02 cfs 0.141 af

Discarded=0.34 cfs 0.141 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.34 cfs 0.141 af

Pond P2: Rain Garden Peak Elev=252.56' Storage=7,203 cf Inflow=6.63 cfs 0.960 af

Discarded=0.38 cfs 0.213 af Primary=5.44 cfs 0.647 af Outflow=5.82 cfs 0.860 af

Total Runoff Area = 6.229 ac Runoff Volume = 1.239 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.39" 88.32% Pervious = 5.502 ac 11.68% Impervious = 0.728 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment A1-PR: A1-PR

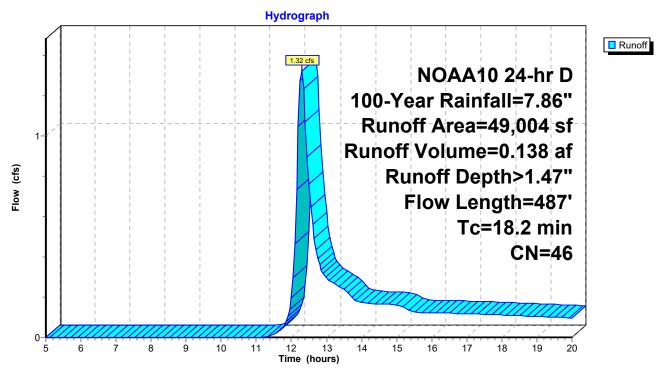
Runoff = 1.32 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume= 0.138 af, Depth> 1.47" Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.86"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	27,486	39 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A		
	2,831	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
	17,424	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
	1,263	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG A	1
	49,004	46 V	Veighted A	verage	
	47,741	g	7.42% Pei	rvious Area	
	1,263	2	2.58% Impe	ervious Area	a
_					
Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
13.8	50	0.0600	0.06		Sheet Flow, Woodland
					Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.20"
2.3	250	0.1300	1.80		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Steep
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
2.1	187	0.0100	1.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed swale
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
18.2	487	Total			

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Subcatchment A1-PR: A1-PR



NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.86' Printed 7/31/2025

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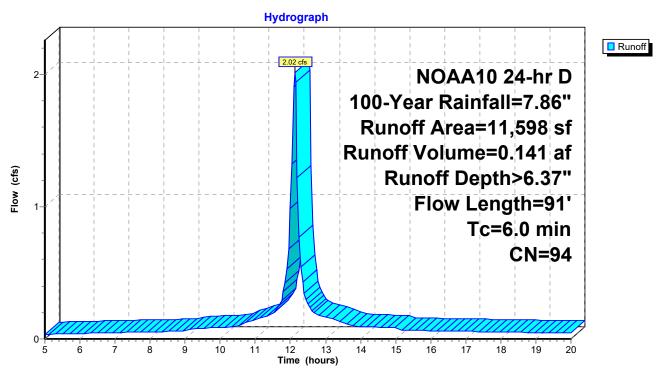
Summary for Subcatchment A2-PR: A2-PR

Runoff = 2.02 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.141 af, Depth> 6.37" Routed to Pond P1 : Storage under Pervious Pavement

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.86"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description			
	4,685	98	Roofs, HSG A			
	6,062	98	Paved parking, HSG A			
	851	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A	
	11,598	94	Weighted A	verage		
	851		7.34% Pervious Area			
	10,747	!	92.66% Impervious Area			
Тс	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description	
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
6.0	91		0.25		Direct Entry, Roofs and Gutters	

Subcatchment A2-PR: A2-PR



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Summary for Subcatchment A3-PR: A3-PR

Runoff = 6.63 cfs @ 12.55 hrs, Volume= 0.960 af, Depth> 2.38"

Routed to Pond P2: Rain Garden

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs NOAA10 24-hr D 100-Year Rainfall=7.86"

	A	rea (sf)	CN E	escription		
		33,062	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
		1,002	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
		18,557	98 F	Roofs, HSC	S A	
	1	54,812			od, HSG B	
		2,178			,	ood, HSG B
		1,133	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG A	ı
		10,744		Veighted A	•	
		91,054	_		rvious Area	
		19,690	9	.34% Impe	ervious Area	a
	Т	المصمط	Clana	Valacity	Consoitu	Description
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
-					(013)	Shoot Flow Woodland
	28.3	50	0.0100	0.03		Sheet Flow, Woodland Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.20"
	2.6	283	0.1270	1.78		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland
	2.0	203	0.1270	1.70		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.0	10	0.3300	8.62		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed 3:1
	0.0	.0	3.0000	0.02		Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	7.6	433	0.0040	0.95		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Detention Pond and swale
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
-	38.5	776	Total			•

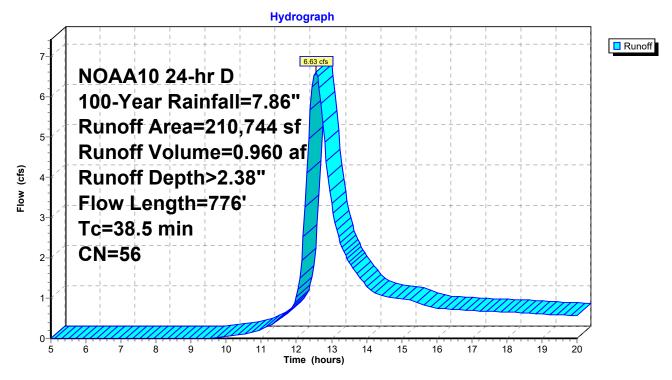
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Subcatchment A3-PR: A3-PR



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Summary for Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

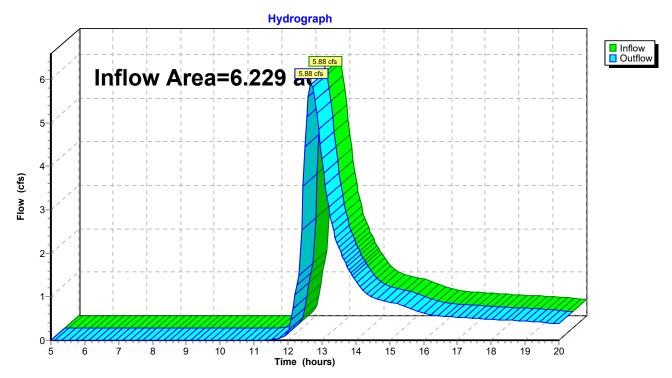
Inflow Area = 6.229 ac, 11.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.51" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 5.88 cfs @ 12.69 hrs, Volume= 0.785 af

Outflow = 5.88 cfs @ 12.69 hrs, Volume= 0.785 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM



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Summary for Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement

Inflow Area = 0.266 ac, 92.66% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 6.37" for 100-Year event
Inflow = 2.02 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.141 af
Outflow = 0.34 cfs @ 11.85 hrs, Volume= 0.141 af, Atten= 83%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded = 0.34 cfs @ 11.85 hrs, Volume= 0.141 af
Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 5.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af
Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 250.54' @ 12.41 hrs Surf.Area= 6,062 sf Storage= 1,314 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 19.5 min calculated for 0.141 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 18.7 min (762.4 - 743.7)

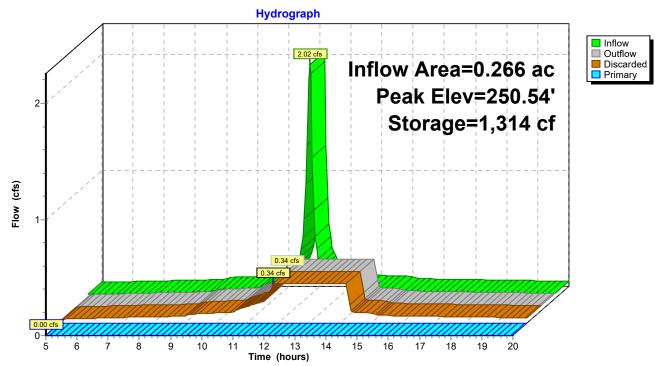
Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage I	Description	
#1	250.00'	4,85		Stage Data (Pr f Overall x 40.0	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc) % Voids
Elevation	on Su	urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
250.0	00	6,062	0	0	
251.0	00	6,062	6,062	6,062	
252.0	00	6,062	6,062	12,124	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	3	
#1	Discarded	250.00'	2.410 in/hr Ex	filtration over	Surface area
#2	Primary	252.00'	6,000.0' long	x 1.0' breadth	Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.	20 0.40 0.60 (0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00		
			Coef. (English) 2.69 2.72 2.7	75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31
			3.30 3.31 3.3	2	

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.34 cfs @ 11.85 hrs HW=250.02' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.34 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 5.00 hrs HW=250.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement



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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond P1: Storage under Pervious Pavement

Elevation	Surface	Storage	Elevation	Surface	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
250.00	6,062	Ő	251.02	6,062	2,473
250.02	6,062	48	251.04	6,062	2,522
250.04	6,062	97	251.06	6,062	2,570
250.06	6,062	145	251.08	6,062	2,619
250.08	6,062	194	251.10	6,062	2,667
250.10	6,062	242	251.12	6,062	2,716
250.12	6,062	291	251.14	6,062	2,764
250.14	6,062	339	251.16	6,062	2,813
250.16	6,062	388	251.18	6,062	2,861
250.18	6,062	436	251.20	6,062	2,910
250.20	6,062	485	251.22	6,062	2,958
250.22	6,062	533	251.24	6,062	3,007
250.24	6,062	582	251.26	6,062	3,055
250.26	6,062	630	251.28	6,062	3,104
250.28	6,062	679	251.30	6,062	3,152
250.30	6,062	727	251.32	6,062	3,201
250.32	6,062	776	251.34	6,062	3,249
250.34	6,062	824	251.36	6,062	3,298
250.36	6,062	873	251.38	6,062	3,346
250.38	6,062	921	251.40	6,062	3,395
250.40 250.42	6,062 6,062	970 1,018	251.42	6,062	3,443 3,492
250.42 250.44	6,062	1,016	251.44 251.46	6,062	3,492 3,540
250.44	6,062	1,115	251.46 251.48	6,062 6,062	3,589
250.48	6,062	1,1164	251.46 251.50	6,062	3,637
250.50	6,062	1,212	251.50 251.52	6,062	3,686
250.52	6,062	1,261	251.52	6,062	3,734
250.54	6,062	1,309	251.56	6,062	3,783
250.56	6,062	1,358	251.58	6,062	3,831
250.58	6,062	1,406	251.60	6,062	3,880
250.60	6,062	1,455	251.62	6,062	3,928
250.62	6,062	1,503	251.64	6,062	3,977
250.64	6,062	1,552	251.66	6,062	4,025
250.66	6,062	1,600	251.68	6,062	4,074
250.68	6,062	1,649	251.70	6,062	4,122
250.70	6,062	1,697	251.72	6,062	4,171
250.72	6,062	1,746	251.74	6,062	4,219
250.74	6,062	1,794	251.76	6,062	4,268
250.76	6,062	1,843	251.78	6,062	4,316
250.78	6,062	1,891	251.80	6,062	4,365
250.80	6,062	1,940	251.82	6,062	4,413
250.82	6,062	1,988	251.84	6,062	4,462
250.84	6,062	2,037	251.86	6,062	4,510
250.86	6,062	2,085	251.88	6,062	4,559
250.88	6,062	2,134	251.90	6,062	4,607
250.90	6,062	2,182	251.92	6,062	4,656
250.92	6,062	2,231	251.94	6,062	4,704
250.94	6,062	2,279	251.96	6,062	4,753
250.96	6,062	2,328	251.98	6,062	4,801
250.98	6,062	2,376	252.00	6,062	4,850
251.00	6,062	2,425			
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Summary for Pond P2: Rain Garden

Inflow Area = 4.838 ac, 9.34% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 2.38" for 100-Year event
Inflow = 6.63 cfs @ 12.55 hrs, Volume= 0.960 af
Outflow = 5.82 cfs @ 12.70 hrs, Volume= 0.860 af, Atten= 12%, Lag= 9.5 min
Discarded = 0.38 cfs @ 12.70 hrs, Volume= 0.213 af
Primary = 5.44 cfs @ 12.70 hrs, Volume= 0.647 af
Routed to Reach DP-1 : ADAMS CIRCLE - MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 252.56' @ 12.70 hrs Surf.Area= 6,760 sf Storage= 7,203 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 55.3 min calculated for 0.860 af (90% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 22.2 min (877.5 - 855.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage [Description	
#1	250.50'	10,5	19 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pr	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio		ırf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
250.5		448	0	0	
251.0	-	1,873	580	580	
252.0	00	4,877	3,375	3,955	
253.0	00	8,250	6,564	10,519	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Discarded	250.50'	2.410 in/hr Ex	filtration over	Surface area
#2	Primary	252.00'	5.0' long x 2.0)' breadth Bro	ad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.2	20 0.40 0.60	0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50)	
			Coef. (English)	2.54 2.61 2.	61 2.60 2.66 2.70 2.77 2.89 2.88
			2.85 3.07 3.20	3.32	

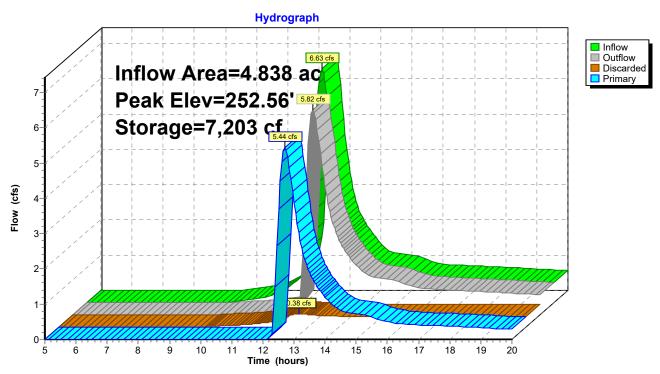
Discarded OutFlow Max=0.38 cfs @ 12.70 hrs HW=252.56' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.38 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=5.44 cfs @ 12.70 hrs HW=252.56' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 5.44 cfs @ 1.95 fps)

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Pond P2: Rain Garden



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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond P2: Rain Garden

(feet) (sq-ft) (cubic-feet) 250.50 448 0 250.55 591 26 250.60 733 59 250.65 876 99 250.70 1,018 147 250.75 1,161 201 250.80 1,303 263 250.85 1,445 331 250.90 1,588 407 250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.55 3,525 2,065 251.50 3,525 2,065
250.55 591 26 250.60 733 59 250.65 876 99 250.70 1,018 147 250.75 1,161 201 250.80 1,303 263 250.85 1,445 331 250.90 1,588 407 250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
250.60 733 59 250.65 876 99 250.70 1,018 147 250.75 1,161 201 250.80 1,303 263 250.85 1,445 331 250.90 1,588 407 250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
250.70 1,018 147 250.75 1,161 201 250.80 1,303 263 250.85 1,445 331 250.90 1,588 407 250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
250.75 1,161 201 250.80 1,303 263 250.85 1,445 331 250.90 1,588 407 250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
250.80 1,303 263 250.85 1,445 331 250.90 1,588 407 250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
250.85 1,445 331 250.90 1,588 407 250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
250.95 1,730 490 251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.00 1,873 580 251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.05 2,023 678 251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.10 2,173 783 251.15 2,324 895 251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.20 2,474 1,015 251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.25 2,624 1,142 251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.30 2,774 1,277 251.35 2,924 1,420 251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.40 3,075 1,570 251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.45 3,225 1,727 251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.50 3,375 1,892 251.55 3,525 2,065
251.55 3,525 2,065
06460 0676 0046
251.60 3,675 2,245
251.65 3,826 2,432 251.70 3,976 2,627
251.75 4,126 2,830
251.80 4,276 3,040
251.85 4,426 3,257 251.90 4,577 3,483
251.95 4,727 3,715
252.00 4,877 3,955
252.05 5,046 4,203
252.10 5,214 4,460 252.15 5,383 4,725
252.20 5,552 4,998
252.25 5,720 5,280
252.30 5,889 5,570 252.35 6,058 5,869
252.40 6,226 6,176
252.45 6,395 6,491
252.50 6,564 6,815 252.55 6,732 7,148
252.60 6,901 7,489
252.65 7,069 7,838
252.70 7,238 8,196 252.75 7,407 8,562
252.75 7,407 6,562 252.80 7,575 8,936
252.85 7,744 9,319
252.90 7,913 9,711 252.95 8,081 10,110
252.95 8,081 10,110 253.00 8,250 10,519



- 1. In BMP Column, click on Blue Cell to Activate Drop Down Menu
- 2. Select BMP from Drop Down Menu
- 3. After BMP is selected, TSS Removal and other Columns are automatically completed.

Location: A3-PR В C F D Ε **TSS Removal** Starting TSS **Amount** Remaining BMP¹ Rate¹ Load* Removed (C*D) Load (D-E) **Calculation Worksheet** 0.90 1.00 0.90 0.10 Rain Garden TSS Removal Total TSS Removal = 90% Project: 25 Adams Circle, Devens, MA Prepared By: мкв *Equals remaining load from previous BMP (E) Date: 7/31/2025 which enters the BMP

- 1. In BMP Column, click on Blue Cell to Activate Drop Down Menu
- 2. Select BMP from Drop Down Menu
- 3. After BMP is selected, TSS Removal and other Columns are automatically completed.

Location: A2-PR В C F D Ε **TSS Removal** Starting TSS **Amount** Remaining BMP¹ Rate¹ Load* Removed (C*D) Load (D-E) **Calculation Worksheet Porous Pavement** 0.80 1.00 0.80 0.20 TSS Removal Total TSS Removal = 80% Project: 25 Adams Circle, Devens, MA Prepared By: мкв *Equals remaining load from previous BMP (E) Date: 7/31/2025 which enters the BMP





Groundwater Recharge Calculations

Project Name: Multi-family Development

Project Location: 25 Adams Circle, Devens, MA

Project Number: 348-019

Date: 7/30/2025

Calculated By: MKB
Checked By: BP

1 of 2

Existing Conditions Impervious Area

Hydrologic		Area	Recharge	Volume
Soil Group	(sq ft)	(acres)	Depth (in)	(cu ft)
А	0	0.00	0.60	0.0
В	0	0.00	0.35	0.0
С	0	0.00	0.25	0.0
D	0	0.00	0.10	0.0
TOTAL	0	0.00		0

Proposed Conditions Impervious Area

Hydrologic		Area	Recharge	Volume
Soil Group	(sq ft)	(acres)	Depth (in)	(cu ft)
Α	31,704	0.73	0.60	1,585.2
В	0	0.00	0.35	0.0
С	0	0.00	0.25	0.0
D	0	0.00	0.10	0.0
TOTAL	31,704	0.73		1,585

Net Required 1,585 cu ft Recharge Volume:

Provided Recharge Volume

Pond P2 3,955 cf Rain Garden

Pond P1 4,850 cf Porous Pavement

TOTAL 8,805 cf

Total Provided Recharge Volume: 8,805 cu ft



Groundwater Recharge Calculations

Project Name: Multi-family Development
Project Location: 25 Adams Circle, Devens, MA

Project Number: 348-019

Date: 7/30/2025
Calculated By: MKB
Checked By: BP
2 of 2

Provided	Recharge	Volume
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Stormwater BMP: Pond P2 Description: Rain Garden

Bottom of Rain Garden Elevation: 251.00 ft

Lowest Outlet Elevation: 252.00 ft

*** Volume Provided: 0.09 ac ft

3,955 cu ft *** (See attached HydroCAD output)

Stormwater BMP: Pond P1 Description: Porous Pavement

*** Volume Provided: 0.11 ac ft

4,850 cu ft *** (See attached HydroCAD output)

Per NRCS Web Soil Survey

Total Provided
Recharge Volume: 8,805 cu ft

72-hour Drawdown Calculation

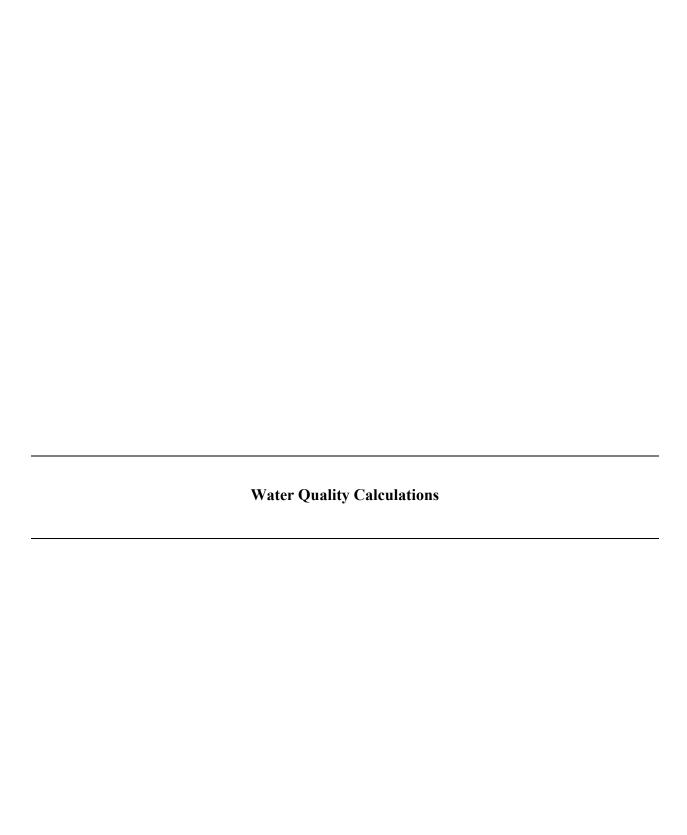
Rain Garden (Pond P-2)

Provided Recharge Volume: 3,955 cu ft
Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity: 2.41 in / hr

Dottom Aron 1 972 og ft

Bottom Area: 1,873 sq ft

Drawdown Time: 10.5 hours





Water Quality Volume Calculations

Project Name: Multi-family Development
Project Location: 25 Adams Circle, Devens, MA

Project Number: 348-019

Date: 7/30/2025 Calculated By: MKB

BP

Checked By:

Stormwater BMP: Rain Garden (P-2) Description: Proposed Rain Garden

Total Drainage Area: 210,726 sq ft

4.84 ac

Total Impervious Area: 1,152 sq ft

0.03 ac

* Roof Areas are considred clean and are not subject to WQV calculation

Runoff Depth to be Treated: 1.0 inches

Required Water Quality Volume:	96 cf
Required Water Quality Volume.	0.002 ac ft

Provided Water Quality Volume:	3,955 cf
Provided Water Quality Volume.	0.091 ac ft

Stormwater BMP: Porous Pavement (P-1) Description: Proposed Porous Pavement Driveways

Total Drainage Area: 11,598 sq ft

0.27 ac

Total Impervious Area: 6,062 sq ft

0.14 ac

Runoff Depth to be Treated: 1.0 inches

Required Water Quality Volume:	505 cf
	0.012 ac ft

Provided Water Quality Volume:	4,850 cf
	0.111 ac ft

^{*} Roof Areas are considred clean and are not subject to WQV calculation





ILLICIT DISCHARGE COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

I VERIFY THAT NO ILLICIT DISCHARGES EXIST FROM THE PROPOSED MULTIFAMILY DEVELOPMENT AT 25 ADAMS CIRCLE, MASSACHUSETTS. THROUGH THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD POLLUTION PREVENTION AND SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN AS WELL AS THE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN, MEASURES ARE SET FORTH TO PREVENT ILLICIT DISCHARGES FROM ENTERING THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DRAINAGE SYSTEM.

SIGNATURE	PRINT NAME	DATE
TITLE	COMPANY	
IIILE	COMPANI	
SIGNATURE	PRINT NAME	DATE
TITLE	COMPANY	

NOTE: THIS CERTIFICATION MUST BE SIGNED BEFORE STORMWATER IS CONVEYED TO THE PROPOSED STORMWATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD 10 OF THE MASSACHUSETTS STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STANDARDS.

